DIGVIJAY INSURANCE CO., LTD.
1944 FIGURES
New business received .....Rs. 24,00,000
Paid for business .....Rs. 22,00,000
Annual premium income over .....Rs. 2,50,000
WANTED CHIEF AGENTS and ORGANISERS
Apply to:—H. N. ASHAR, Esq., Mg. Director,
Sir Pherozshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXIII NO. 285 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1945 Price: 2 Annas

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

RAMTIRTH BRAHMI SPECIAL No. 1. OIL
ENDS BALDNESS
INCREASES MEMORY
INSURES EYE-SIGHT
IMPARTS SOUND SLEEP
REMOVES GRAY HAIR
STOPS FALLING HAIR
REMOVES DANDRUFF
Useful to everybody in all seasons
Rs. 3/8 Big Bottle—Rs. 2 Small Bottle. (Sold Everywhere)
SHREE RAMTIRTH YOGASHRAM.
BOMBAY. No. 4.

NATION VINDICATES 'QUIT INDIA' DEMAND

Congress Candidates Triumph Everywhere

Many Opponents Forfeit Deposit: Defeated Justicite Wants His Party To Be Wound Up

THUMPING MAJORITY FOR MASANI AND DESHMUKH

BOMBAY, Monday.

The two Congress candidates, Mr. M. R. Masani and Dr. G. V. Deshmukh, were declared elected with thumping majorities to Central Legislative Assembly from the Bombay Urban Non-Mahommedan Constituency. Mr. K. H. Dhemdhere, the Hindu Mahasabha candidate, lost his deposit having obtained less than one-eighth of the total votes polled.

"JAI HIND" GREETINGS

Mr. M. R. Masani was present at the time the results were announced at the collector's office. A small crowd of Congress supporters who had been eagerly waiting, while the counting of votes was in progress, received the announcement of the results with shouts of 'Jai Hind.' Mr. Masani was the recipient of congratulations all round. Dr. G. V. Deshmukh came on the scene a little later. Mr. Dhemdhere was not to be seen.

To pressmen who approached him Mr. N. A. Faruqui, Collector of Bombay announced the following figures:

Mr. M. R. Masani	**21,630**
Dr G. V. Deshmukh	**19,934**
Mr. K. H. Dhemdhere	**4,667**
Invalid votes	**164**
Total votes polled	**46,231**

Mr. Dhemdhere loses his deposit.

Gadgil And Hirey Elected

POONA, Dec. 3 (A.P.I.): The two Congress candidates, Mr. N. V. Gadgil and Mr. B. S. Hirey, were declared elected today from the Bombay Central Division Non-Mohammadan Constituency. Mr. Gadgil polled 23,398 votes and Mr. Hirey 25,993 as against 8,869 polled by the Hindu Mahasabha candidate Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar. Four hundred and forty-three papers were rejected as invalid.

Karmarkar Elected

BELGAUM, Dec. 3 (A.P.I.): Mr. D. P. Karmarkar, the Congress candidate, was declared elected today from the Southern Division Non-Muhammadan Constituency. He defeated his rival candidate Dewan Bahadur B. G. Jagtap, who was supported by the Hindu Mahasabha.

Mr. Karmarkar polled 18,241 votes and Dewan Bahadur Jagtap 2,536 votes and lost his deposit.

Mr. S. D. Bhiknavar, who had already withdrawn in favour of Mr. D. P. Karmarkar, the Congress candidate got only 120 votes.

'WIND UP JUSTICE PARTY' DEMAND

MADRAS, Dec. 3.

Mr. P. Balasubramanya Mudaliar, who was defeated by the Congress candidate in the Central Assembly election from Madras City, told the Associated Press of India that he would advise the leader of the Justice Party to wind up the party and his policy hereafter would be not to fight for non-Brahmins as against Brahmins but to fight for merit and talent wherever it was found.

Ammu Swaminathan Declared Elected

MADRAS, Dec. 3. (A.P.I.): Mrs. Ammu Swaminathan, Congress candidate was declared elected today to the Central Legislative Assembly from the Madras city non-Mahomedan constituency by 10,883 votes against 2,154 polled by Mr. P. Balasubramania Mudaliar, Justice Party candidate.

There were 334 invalid votes and 59 tendered votes.

HINDU SABHA CHIEF GIVES WALK-OVER TO CONGRESS

CALCUTTA, Dec. 3, (A.P.I.): Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookerjee, President of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha who was a candidate for election to the Central Legislative Assembly from the Calcutta Suburbs Constituency, has withdrawn from the contest, on account of sudden illness and his doctors' insistent advice.

This leaves the Congress candidate, Mr. Nagendranath Mukhopadhyaya without an opponent for the seat.

Dr. Mookerjee was examined by Dr. B. C. Roy again to-day. There was no improvement in his condition.

A.-I. Hindu Sabha Executive

CALCUTTA Dec. 3 (UPI.) It is understood that an emergent meeting of the Working Committee of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha has been summoned to meet here on December 12 and 13 to consider the present political situation and make the necessary arrangements in view of the serious illness of Dr. Syama Prasad Mookerjee, the Mahasabha President, demanding suspension of his activities for two months under medical advice.

Punjab Assembly Election Time-Table

LAHORE Dec. 3 (API.) The Governor of the Punjab has called upon all the constituencies of the Punjab Legislative Assembly to elect members beofre February 25, 1946. December 12 has been fixed for the nomination of candidates and December 15 for scrutiny of nominations. Polling will take place from February 1 to 15.

Congress Bags Landholders' Seat

Mr. Jinachandran, Congress candidate, was declared elected to the Central Legislative Assembly today from the Madras Land-Holders' Constituency by 510 votes against 162 cast against the Rajah of Kollengode (Independent).

The Maharaja of Pithapuram who withdrew from the contest but not in time, polled 5 votes. There were 41 votes declared invalid. "One vote was declared invalid while 41 covers were received without declaration papers.

The counting took place at the Secretariat before the Chief Secretary, Returning Officer, this morning.

Lathi Blow For Congress Candidate: Worker Stabbed

KUSHTIA (Nadia), Dec. 2 (A.P.I.): Mr. Sasanka Sekhar Sanyal, Congress candidate for election to the Central Assembly from the Presidency Division non-Mohammadan constituency, received a Lathi blow on his head and Mr. Niranjan Choudhury, a local Congress worker, was stabbed on his waist when some persons attacked Mr. Sanyal and his party in his compartment of the Chittagong Express on its arrival at Kushtia main station today.

As soon as the train steamed in several persons, armed with Lathis and shouting Muslim League slogans, entered Mr. Sanyal's compartment and began to assault him and his companions. In the melee Mr. Niranjan Choudhury was stabbed by one of the miscreants, while several others in the compartment were injured as a result of lathi blows. The intruders then left the compartment and walked down the road shouting League and anti-Congress slogans.

The condition of Mr. Choudhury is reported to be serious.

YAMASHITA'S PLEA TO U. S. SUPREME COURT

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3 (Reuter). General Tomoyuki Yamashita, one time conqueror of the Philippines, has asked the United States Supreme Court to stop his trial at Manila and bring him to Washington for trial before the highest American tribunal.

Gen. Yamashita formally petitioned the Supreme Court by air mail.

KING OF SIAM AT CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Dec. 3. (A.P.I.): King Ananda Mahidol, King of Siam, accompanied by his mother, arrived in Calcutta from Karachi by air and is staying at Government House.

"QUIT INDIA" VINDICATED

MADRAS, Dec. 3.

"If these elections are intended to be a test, India has certainly given the British Government ample proof that what she wants is that they must quit India", said Mrs. Ammu Swaminathan, Congress candidate to the Central Assembly from the Madras City General Constituency who was declared elected today, in an interview to the "United Press of India".

CONGRESS EXECUTIVE

Will Meet Today At Azad's Residence

CALCUTTA, Dec. 3 (A.P.I.): The All-India Congress Parliamentary Board meets here tomorrow at the Ballygunge Circular Road residence of the Congress President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad.

It is learnt that the board will hold only one sitting tomorrow.

The meeting of the Congress Working Committee, which commences on December 6 will also be held at Maulana Abad's residence. The suggestion of holding the evening session of the Working Committee at Sodepur, where Mahatma Gandhi is staying, has been dropped for the present.

The Congress President will meet Mahatma Gandhi tomorrow. The Working Committee will hold two sittings every day lasting for four days.

Acharya J. B. Kripalani, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Committee, had a talk with the Congress President in the afternoon with regard to the venue of both the meetings and the agend before the committee.

Mr. Asaf Ali also saw Maulana Azad in the evening.

Congress volunteers have been posted at the gate of Maulana Azad's residence.

Maulana Daud Ghuznavi, President of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee, and Dr. Gopichand Bhargava, a member of the Punjab Provincial Parliamentary Board, who have been invited by the Congress President to attend the All-India Parliamentary Board meeting, have arrived here today.

RAJEN BABU NOT GOING TO CALCUTTA

PATNA, Dec. 3 (A.P.I.): Dr. Rajendra Prasad is not going to Calcutta to attend the meeting of the Congress Working Committee for reasons of health. He has not yet recovered fully from the attack of broncho-pneumonia which he had at Kathiawar on November 19 in the course of his electioneering tour.

SARDAR ARRIVES IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Dec. 3 (A.P.I.): Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel Member Congress Working Committee and President of the Central Prliamentary Board of the Congress, arrived here at four this afternoon by Air from Bombay accompanied by his daughter Miss Maniben Patel.

They were received at the aerodrome by Mr. Surendra Mohan Ghosh, President of the B.P.C.C. Mr. Amiyanath Bose and others.

B. H. U. Greets Rajendra Babu

BENARES, Dec. 3 (API.) The Benares Hindu University padiament at a special meeting passed a resolution of greetings to Dr Rajendra Prasad on the occasion of his 62nd birthday.

Sir S. Radhakrishnan, Vice-Chancellor, on behalf of the staff and students of the University paid tributes to Dr Rajendra Prasad.

Goering And Reichstag Fire

NUREMBERG, Dec. 3. (A.P.A.): "You may state that as an unmitigated lie" Hermann Goering's defense counsel, Otto Stanmer, snapped when told the Reich Marshall is alleged to have admitted the Reichstag was fired on his orders.

"My client will fly off the handle when he hears such an admission put into his mouth. He is willing to stand trial on anything he did, but he will swear on every oath that there is not a word of truth to any such allegation. He and I naturally have discussed the Reichstag Fire and if there is one thing he is certain about, it is that he denies having been implicated in it," Stahmer Declared.

Far Eastern Advisory Commission Visits U. S. President

Members of the Far Eastern Advisory Commission visits President Truman at the White House, on Oct. 30, 1945., standing on the steps of the executive mansion are (left to right): front row, Ambassador Wei-Tao-ming of China, President Truman, and U. S. Secretary of State James F. Byrnes; (second row): P. E. Naggait, former French Ambassador to China and Russia; Dr. H. V Evatt, Minister for External Affairs for Australia; the Earl of Halifax, British Ambassador to the U.S. (third row): Netherlands Minister A lexander Loudon; Sir Girja Shankar Bajpai, Resident General of India in Washington C. A. Berendson, Minister of New Zealand; Brigadier General Carlos P. Romulo, Resident Commissioner of the Philippines to the U. S., and (back row): Thomas A. Stone, Canadian Charge d'Affaires, alternate to Ambassador Lester B. Pearson, and U. S. Major General Frank R. McCoy.—Photo. U.S.I.

CHINESE REDS REPULSED AT PAOTOW

CHUNGKING, Dec. 3. (A.P.A.): Communist forces that tried to scale the walls of the inner Mongolian City of Paotow in an attack last night were repulsed by nationalist defenders, Press dispatches said to-day.

The dispatches predicted the imminent collapse of Communist forces besieging the terminus of the Peiping-Suiyuan Railroad, pointing out that they were harried by determined defenders and assaulted by reinforced Nationalists.

SLIM'S NEW JOB

LONDON, Dec. 3. (Reuter): Gen Sir William Slim, Commander-in-Chief of the Allied land forces South-East Asia Command, has been appointed Commandant of the Imperial Defence College. It has been decided to reopen the college and the first post-war course which will begin next spring will be attended by representatives of the three Services, the Civil Service, the Dominions and India.

HURLEY WILL BE FIRST WITNESS

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3. (Reuter): Maj.-Gen. Patrick Hurley, who resigned last week as the United States Ambassador to China, will be the first witness when the Senate Foreign Relations Committee begins hearing on Wednesday into allegations against American policy in China, the Chairman of the Committee, Senator Tom Connally announced to-day.

LEGAL HURDLE IN RED FORT

Bhulabhai Challenges Competence Of Court In Second Trial

RED FORT, Dec. 3. (A.P.I.): The Second Court Martial which began the trial of Captain Burhanuddin faced a legal hurdle within a few minutes of assembling this morning. As soon as the charges of Waging War Against the King and Murder were read out, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Chief Defence Counsel, raised the question of the court's competence to take up the trial of the accused, who, he said is a brother of the Mehtar of Chitral and thus not a British Indian subject and cannot, therefore, be tried by any court in India for offences committed outside British India.

The prosecution led by Major Surita asked for time till the afternoon to reply. When the court reassembled Major Surita applied for further time till tomorrow afternoon, and the court agreed.

The procedure followed in this Court Martial, presided over by Brigadier Cariappa, was the same as the first one trying Captain Shah Nawaz, Captain Sehgal and Lieutenant Dhillon, except that the eleven witnesses which the prosecution propose to call were drawn up before the court for a few minutes and then withdrew.

(See Page 5.)

MOSCOW TURNS DOWN ANGLO-AMERICAN PLEA

Iran Replies To Soviet Note

MOSCOW, Dec. 3 (APA): Soviet Russia has turned down the American suggestion that Allied troops be withdrawn from Iran by January 1, an informed diplomatic source said yesterday.

The source said that an answer has also been given by Russia to the British note on Irah.

An agreement on the evacuation of Allied troops from Iran by March 2, 1946, had been made earlier in London. It was said here that the United States plans to evacuate its troops by the first of this year, regardless of what Britain and Russia decide.

Meanwhile, the Soviet Union will take no part in the political events in Northern Iran, according to Moscow broadcasts of yesterday.

The Iranian Government expressed fear that the kurds were preparing for a revolt along the Iraq border, south of where the Azerbaijanians have already been demanding autonomy.

A Tass Agency report from Teheran said that the new Governor-General of Azerbaijan Province, Morteza Q. Bayatt, has been given by the Iranian Government a free hand to deal with the situation in that province.

MOSCOW REPLY TO BRITAIN

LONDON, Dec. 3 (Reuter): The Soviet reply to the recent British representations made in Moscow on the subject of disturbances in Northern Persia has been received in London from the British Ambassador in Moscow, Sir Archibald Clark-Kerr, it is officially learned here, cables Sylvian Mangeot, Reuter's Special Correspondent.

The Russian note is being considered and no decision has yet been taken whether or not it will be published although the text of the British representation was made public soon after its delivery to M. Molotov.

IRAN REPLIES TO SOVIET NOTE

Claims Enforcement Of Conditions For Freedom Of Action

TEHERAN, Dec. 3 (Reuter): The Iranian Ministry of Foreign Affairs has replied to the Soviet note of November 26.

The main point in the Iranian note, which is couched in extremely conciliatory terms, is the request from the Iranian Ministry of Foreign Affairs "that the Soviet Embassy will inform them as soon as possible on the steps to be taken by the Soviet authorities to ensure freedom of action for Persian officials in the internal affairs in northern provinces and for the transport of security forces the Persian army in general, and for that body of Iranian troops in particular, which is now held up by Soviet military at Sharifabad on its way to Azerbaijan."

The note then expresses the Persian Government's delight at the Soviet Government's assurances of non-intervention in the internal affairs of Iran and at the Soviet Government assurances of its respect for the Tripartite Pact.

Gandhiji's Silence Day Talks With Casey

Third Interview Lasts 75 Minutes Followed By Photograph In Governor's Study

CALCUTTA, December 3, (A.P.I.): The Gandhi-Casey talks were resumed today at 6 p.m. (I. S. T.) for the third day in succession at Government House, Calcutta.

IN GOVERNOR'S STUDY

There was a small knot of spectators outside the northern gateway of Government House today when Mahatma Gandhi arrived to resume his talks with Mr. Casey.

Mr. Peareylal arrived earlier in another car. Mr. Sudhir Ghosh also accompanied the party. Both cars, flying Congress Flags, drew up at the porch of Government House. Mahatma Gandhi was then shown in into the Governor's study.

DAY OF SILENCE

To-day is Mahatma Gandhi's day of silence, and it is learnt that he is not breaking the silence at his meeting with His Excellency. This apparently means that the Governor will do most of the talking and that Mahatma Gandhi may elucidate or reply on paper.

A prominent Bengal politician today stated that of provincial governors it is only the head of the Bengal Administration who has held such talks in the past also with Mahatma Gandhi. He cited the case of Sir John Anderson, who, as Governor of Bengal, held such discussions.

Govt. House Circular

Government House circular for Sunday, just issued, says: "His Excellency granted an interview to Mr. M. K. Gandhi."

The circular for to-day states that "His Excellency granted interviews to Mr. M. K. Gandhi and Mr. H. E. Gollan" (Mr. Gollan's interview, of course, was separate, and was not connected with the Gandhi-Casey talks).

PHOTOGRAPHED TOGETHER

Mahatma Gandhi left Government House at 7-15 p.m. (I.S.T.) after today's talk with the Governor.

The meeting to-day lasted 75 minutes. The Governor and Mahatma Gandhi have now held discussions on three consecutive days, over a total of about and a quarter hours.

A photograph of Mahatma Gandhi and the Governor at their discussions in the Governor's study was taken to-day.

WILL MAHATMA MEET WAVELL?

Asked to-day about the report attributed to well-informed political circles that a meeting between the Viceroy and Mahatma Gandhi is likely to take place in Calcutta on December 10, Mr. Pyarelal, Mahatma Gandhi's Secretary, told the questioning pressman: "You had better address your enquiry to these circles" (well-informed political circles).

Mr. Pyarelal had also nothing to say about the Gandhi-Casey talks, their scope and whether they have terminated or will be continued.

It has not yet been decided whether Mahatma Gandhi will undertake the Bengal or Assam tour first. From talks in Ashram circles in Sodepore it is learnt that Mahatma Gandhi has told Mr. Gopinath Bardoloi that if he goes to Assam first he would be available only for three days. On the other hand if the Assam visit follows the Bengal tour, he might be able to devote a week to Assam. It is learnt that it has been tentatively decided that the Mahatma will visit Diamond Harbour on December 18. He will proceed there by motor launch from Howrah. He is also likely to undertake a week's tour in Midnapore, but dates have not yet been fixed.

KASTURBA TRAINING CENTRE

Mr. A. V. Thakkar was among the visitors at the Ashram to-day. Mr. Thakkar, who is General Secretary of the Kasturba Memorial Fund, leaves to-day for Sahebnagar, in Jessore District, for the opening ceremony of the Kasturba Gram Sevika Training Centre there to-morrow. Mrs. Sucheta Kripalani and Dr. Pratulla Chandra Ghosh will accompany him.

SARDAR AND PANT SEE MAHATMA

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and his daughter Miss Maniben drove to Sodepore Ashram direct from the aerodrome to meet Mahatma Gandhi. They then proceeded to Birla Park.

There was the usual large crowd at the evening prayer but it was Gandhiji's day of silence and there was no address by him.

Pandit Gobind Pant, who arrived to-day, also visited the Ashram.

GANDHIJI SPENDS QUIET DAY

Mahatma Gandhi observed his usual day of silence to-day and the bee avenue at Sodepore Ashram—where he is staying—was very quiet. Practically no visitor was received today and Mahatma Gandhi was able to enjoy complete peace. As Dr. S. C. Das Gupta, chief of the Sodepore Ashram said, it had helped to relieve much of yesterday's strain on Mahatma Gandhi. The open space of the Ashram also permitted Mahatma Gandhi to enjoy a sun-bath to-day.

There was brisk sale of Gandhiji's lithograph portraits at an Ashram window and a special counter was also opened to receive five rupees for autographs, which are given the autograph-hunters the next day to avoid crowd near Mahatma Gandhi.

Spot collections for the Harijan Fund at the congregation meeting to-day and yesterday amounted to Rs. 779/1/3.

Several American and Chinese were seen contributing to the fund.

I.N.A. SALUTE TO MAHATMA

A squad of forty released Indian National Army personnel, who spent the night in the Ashram silently marched this morning to have Mahatma Gandhi's 'darshan' while he was taking a walk, saluted him with "Jai Hind" and departed.

REBUKED CROWD PRESENTS PURSE

SAMBALPORE (Orissa), Dec. 3 (A. P. I.): A rebuke for having no pity for him even in his sleep at dead of night fetched Mahatma Gandhi a purse of Rs. 2,001 presented by a big crowd, which had gathered at Jharsaguda platform while the Mahatma was proceeding to Calcutta by the Nagpur Mail on Friday night.

In spite of Mr. Pyarelal's earnest appeal, the crowd insisted on having a 'darshan' of the Mahatma, who then got up and rebuked them for having no mercy for him even in his sleep and later stretched out his hand for the Harijan fund. A purse of Rs. 2,001 was immediately presented on behalf of the people of Jharsaguda, earmarking Rs. 500 for the Harijan Fund and the balance for the I.N.A. Men's Defence.

The contributors to the fund included a large number of students. The train was detained at the station half an hour more than the usual time.

When Next A. I. C. C. Will Meet

LUCKNOW, Dec. 3 (UPI.) According to the information available in the Congress circles the next meeting of the All-India Congress Committee will be held in the last week of December or early in January to endorse, 'inter alia', the Congress Election Manifesto.

It is being pointed out that during the last session of the A.I.C.C. at Bombay the Congress High Command assured the A.I.C.C that the Election Manifesto would be placed before it.

POLICY TOWARDS I. N. A. IN COMMONS

LONDON, Dec. 3 (Reuter): The Government of India's policy towards Indian Army personnel who joined the Indian National Army was the subject of a statement by Mr. Arthur Henderson, Under-Secretary for India, in a reply to an inquiry for information in House of Commons to-day.

It is not possible at the moment to estimate accurately in how many cases trials may be necessary but the number will bear only a very small proportion to the total figure and is estimated as between 20 and 50.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (March.)

	New York, Dec 3.
Previous Closing	24.30
To-day's Opening	24.37
Difference	+07
To-day's Closing	Mutilated

STOP PRESS

YAMASHITA VERDICT ON FRIDAY

MANILA, Dec. 3. (Reuter): The verdict on Gen. Tomoyuki Yamashita, "Tiger of Malaya" and one time conqueror of the Philippines, will be given on Friday.

I. N. A. PRISONERS IN BURMA

RANGOON, Dec. 3. (A.P.I.): "According to information here there are 1,200 I. N. A. men in Rangoon Jail, among whom are 90 civilians belonging to the Independence League. Other prisoners are said to be Insein Jail", says Mr. A. D. Mani editor of the "Hitavada" now in Rangoon in a cable statement to the Associated Press of India.

AUSTRALIANS DISMISSED FOR 195

East Zone Reply With 213 For 8

MADRAS, Dec. 3 (A.P.I.): The Australian Services team resumed their first innings in the cricket match with the South Zone Eleven and were all out for 195 runs, having added 71 runs by the remaining 4 wickets. Workman was the highest scorer with 76. The South Zone in their second innings had scored 213 runs for the loss of 8 wickets when the stumps were drawn for the day. Aibara was again the top scorer with 45.

A little over an hour this morning found the Australians all out for 195 when the three day fixture between the Australian Service Cricket Eleven and the South Zone entered on the second day. The attendance was only about 5,000.

Ramsingh and Ghulam Ahmed opened the attack this morning but the overnight batsmen found no difficulty although the ball was turning a lot, and Price obtained a four with a flashing square-cut off Ramsingh.

At 138 Rangachari took over from Ghulam Ahmed who had conceded six runs in 3 overs and Workman snicked him through the slips for a four. At 147 Rangachari made an unsuccessful appeal for l.b.w. against Price and Workman, who was then 66, ran half the pitch before being sent back and he just scrambled home.

Turning Ram Singh to leg for a three Price sent up 151 after the innings had lasted 140 minutes. Workman then being 66 and Price 27. Ram Singh who had conceded 15 runs in 6 overs this morning, then made way for Ghulam Ahmed at 155 and Price with a lucky four through the slips passed the South Zone score by registering 160 on the board. Six runs later Palia was brought on in place of Rangachari and he broke up the partnership which had added 85 runs in 90 minutes by clean bowling Price in his second over for 31 made in a stay of 60 minutes with three fours to his credit. (173—7—31).

Roper joined Workman only to find the latter miss the ball completely in attempting a big hit of Palia and being bowled for 75, which included one six and six fours in a stay of 157 minutes. (178—8—76).

Ellis who came next was caught and bowled by Ghulam Ahmed for zero at 175. (175—9—0). But Bremner the last man in, gave valuable support to Roper who collected 18 runs including two fours before being bowled by Rangachari and the Australians' First Innings which had lasted exactly three hours terminated for 195 thus giving them a lead of 36 runs.

SOUTH ZONE BAT

The South Zone again opened their 2nd innings with Johnstone and Palia. Miller opened the bowling with Roper and runs came slowly in singles. Palia obtained the first four by square cutting Miller to the ropes.

After three overs Miller brought on Ellis and Price and Johnstone who was then only 8 was dropped by Erice at short-leg off Ellis when the total was 16.

The rate of scoring improved and Palia pulling Ellis to the leg-boundary wiped off the deficit and Johnstone sent up 40 on the board by pulling Price to the same place.

The Cristofani took over from Ellis whose overs had produced 16 runs and at the other end Pettiford displaced Price who had conceded 10 runs in 4 overs. These changes proved successful as Pettiford clean-bowled Palia with the last ball of his first over for 24 made in 45 minutes (49—1—24).

Aibara joined Johnstone and lunch was taken at this stage without any addition to the total, Johnstone batting 21, Aibara bating 0.

AFTER LUNCH

When play was resumed after lunch Pettiford and Ellis were in charge of the attack. Following a maiden over from Pettiford Ellis got Johnstone l.b.w. with his second delivery without any addition to the total (49—2—21).

Ashgar Ali then became associated with Aibara and the pair, playing confidently, carried the score to 100 without further loss. Both the bowlers were maintaining an accurate length but Aibara soon collared the bowling and executed several fine strokes all round the wicket. He swept Pettiford to the leg-boundary and a little later the same bowler to the off-boundary.

At 84 Price took over from Ellis who had conceded 30 runs for his one wicket in 12 overs, and Aibara twice pulled him to the leg-boundary with powerful strokes. At the other end Ellis displaced Pettiford whose 6 overs had given away 11 runs and Ashgar Ali with a four to the on-boundary sent up 100 scored in as many minutes, his own score then being 13 and Aibara's 35.

Runs continued to come fast and at 112 Miller replaced Price who had conceded 27 runs in 7 overs, and Asgar Ali got a lucky four through the slips. Then a brilliant piece of fielding on the part of Pettiford resulted in Ashgar Ali being run out. He drove the last ball from Ellis to cover and ran out of his crease but Pettiford fielded the ball brilliantly and threw it to the wicket-keeper and Asgar Ali was run out by yards (118—3—21). Ashagar Ali had batted 58 minuted to add 69 runs for the third wicket.

The next wicket fell at the same total when Aibara with Ram Singh as partner snicked Miller into Pettiford's hands at second slip for 45 made in a stay of 72 minutes with 6 fours to his credit. (118—4—45).

Upjohn who came next was missed in the slips by Roper at the expense of Miller before he had scored. At 128 Miller who had conceded 16 runs in 8 overs for his one wicket made way for Price and off his very first ball Upjohn was dismissed caught and bowled for 2 (128—5—2).

Gopalan joined Ramsingh who drove Price through the covers for a four and later twice pulled the same bowled to the on-boundary.

At tea the total was 147 for five wickets.

Ram Singh batting 20, Gopalan batting 5.

AFTER TEA

Roper and Ellis were entrusted with the attack after tea and 151 were registered in as many minutes, Ram Singh then being 23 and Gopalan a The batsmen now began to steal short singles and Gopalan lifted Roper to the off boundary for a four. Ram Singh got a four through the slips off Roper and then at 169 Pettiford relieved him after three overs.

Ram Singh next pulled Ellis to leg for a four while Gopalan obtained three fours in one over from Pettiford with two grand cover drives and a flashing late-cut. At 189 Price returned in place of Ellis and at the other end Roper replaced Pettiford who had given away 14 runs in two overs. Then Ram Singh who had batted for 75 minutes for his 42 including five fours was sent back, caught in the slips by Williams off Roper. The sixth wicket partnership had realised 64 runs.

Anantanaravanan who came next was bowled by Price for 0 at 193 (193—7—0) and Sanjiva Rao who followed survived a confident appeal for l.b.w. off the very first delivery from Price.

Then Gopalan started hitting out and sent up 201 after the innings had lasted as many minutes by pulling Price to the leg-boundary. Roper took the new ball but Gopalan drove him to the cover-boundary before being declared l.b.w. off Roper's fifth ball for 41, made in 60 minutes with six fours to his credit (205—8—41).

Sanjiva Rao and Rangachari was together with 1 and 7 respecitvely to their credit when stumps were drawn for the day with the score at 213 for 8 wickets.

SCORES:

AUSTRALIAN SERVICES XI
(First Innings)

Carmody c Rangachari b Ghulam Ahmed	33
Workman b Palia	76
Pettiford b Ghulam Ahmed	4
Miller b Ghulam Ahmed	0
Stanford st. Sanjiva Rao b Ram Singh	1
Christofani c Ghulam Ahmed b Ramsingh	10
Williams c Johnstone b Ram Singh	0
Price b Palia	31
Roper b Rangachari	18
Ellis c and b Ghulam Ahmed	0
Bremner not out	2
Extras	20
Total	195

Fall of wickets: 1 for 65, 2 for 69, 3 for 71, 4 for 74, 5 for 84, 6 for 88, 7 for 173, 8 for 174, 9 for 175, 10 for 195.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Gopalan	4	—	23	—
Rangachari	10.4	3	31	1
Ram Singh	23	4	57	3
Ghulam Ahmed	23	4	56	4
Palia	4	—	8	2

SOUTH ZONE (Second Innings)

Johnstone l.b.w. b Ellis	21
Palia b Pettiford	24
Aibara c Pettiford b Miller	45
Ashgar Ali run out	21
Ram Singh c Williams b Roper	42
Upjohn c and b Price	2
Gopalan l.b.w. b Roper	41
Anantanarayanan b Price	0
Sanjiva Rao batting	1
Rangachari batting	7
Extras	9
Total (for eight wickets)	213

Fall of wickets: 1 for 49, 2 for 49, 3 for 118, 4 for 118, 5 for 128, 6 for 192, 7 for 193, 8 for 205.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Miller	9	4	19	1
Roper	10	1	33	2
Price	12	0	51	2
Christofani	2	1	5	0
Pettiford	13	3	38	1
Ellis	26	7	58	1

Adivasi Katkari Conference Demands

A conference of the Adivasis mainly Katkaries and Thakurs of the Surdhagad Taluka of the Bhor State was held at Vavioli, a Katkari Village near Pali on November 28. About 500 persons including 50 women from 40 villages attended the Conference Shri D. N. Wandrekar, the Secretary of the Adivasi Seva Mandal, who presided in his address dealt with the several problems of the Adivasis in the Bombay Province and referred to the efforts being made by several public bodies and the Government to tackle them. He exhorted the Adivasis to unite and organise.

The Conference was also addressed by Shri Deshmukh, the President of the Local Adivasi Seva Sangh, and Shri S. V. Tilak, a prominent Congress worker of the Kolaba District.

Resolutions were passed urging the Bhor Durbar to give them land to provide grain by organising grain banks and to apply "the same schedule of wage rates as in the neighbouring Kolaba District and enforce the same during this season."

MODI GETS ANOTHER HUNDRED

Good Bowling By Umrigar

When stumps were drawn on the third day of the final for the Rahimtoola Cup, the Elphinstonians required 382 runs with only 5 wickets in hand. Thus the St. Xaverites stand good chances of winning the trophy which they last won in 1941-42.

The beginning was very quiet and unaggressive both Abdulla and Desai playing safe. Runs came in steadily in spite of the frequent bowling changes made. Thus when Abdulla 42 he was dropped in the slip by Kulkarni off Trilokekar. He went on to score his 50 but when his score was 67 played on to Nerurkar. The total then was 106. Mamba was l.b.w. to Trilokekar without scoring and Desai was l.b.w. to Trilekekar for 25. Thus 4 wickets were down for 128 runs when Umrigar and Modi came together. But after only 8 runs were added Umrigar was completely beaten and bowled by a sharp off-break from Anandkar. This let in Mohiuddin. He played very freely and helped his captain to put on 45 runs from the sixth wicket before he was out l.b.w. to Nerurkar, providing the bowler with his fourth wicket. Modi who was missed by Bhatri when he was only 9 again off Trilokekar went on to complete his 50. Perumal stayed long enough to collect 15 before he yorked himself and was bowled by Divecha.

Jhaveri the next man in ran himself out before scoring and Chaiwala came in to see his skipper at his second hundred of the match. This is an inter-collegiate record, Modi being the first and so far the only batsman to get a century in each inning of a match.

Trilokekar bagged his second victim when he dismissed Chaiwala with the score at 260. Modi monopolised the bowling now and when he had scored 126 offered another chance to Bhatri again off Trilokekar, but once more Bhatri failed to hold on. With Masters, the last man being run out the innings terminated for 281. Nerurkar was the most successful bowler claiming 4 wickets for 74 runs. He was spinning the ball well and his spins beat the batsmen.

The Elphinstonians left with 463 runs to get for a win started badly, losing Bhatri and Arte with only 8 runs on the board. When the score was 19, Kulkarni was brilliantly held by Mohiuddin off Mamsa.

This brought Nerurkar and Mashruwalla together and they batted doggedly to carry the score to 48 before the left-handed Mashruwalla snicked one from Umrigar and was held by Desai behind the wickets. With the addition of 18 runs, Nerurkar who like Mashruwalla had batted extremely well was well held by Perumal of Umrigar. Phadkar and Pandit played out time.

Umrigar bowled very accurately throughout and was rewarded with an analysis of 14/9/12/3.

Scores:—

ST. XAVIER'S COLLEGE
(Second Innings)

K C Hassan l.b.w. b V V Nerurkar	26
K C Abdulla b V V Nerurkar	67
B D Desai l.b.w. b V V Nerurkar	25
R S Modi not out	132
A M Mamsa l.b.w. b S S Trilokekar	0
P R Umrigar b S S Anandkar	1
M M Mohiuddin l.b.w. b V V Nerurkar	15
H A Perumal b R V Divecha	15
S M Jhaveri run out	0
A T Chaiwalla l.b.w. S S Trilokekar	0
C D Masters run out	0
Extras	3
Total	281

Fall of wickets: 1-52; 2-106; 3-127; 4-128; 5-136; 6-181; 7-214; 8-228; 9-260; 10-281.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O	M	R	W
D G Phadkar	3	0	18	0
R V Divecha	18	5	59	1
D B Kulkarni	9	0	38	0
S S Anandkar	8.1	2	17	1
V V Nerurkar	20	4	74	4
S S Trilokekar	21	3	72	2

ELPHINSTONE COLLEGE & R.I.S.
(Second Innings)

M E Bhatri l.b.w. b P R Umrigar	1
R V Arte b A M Mamsa	3
V V Nerurkar c Perumal b P R Umrigar	26
D B Kulkarni c Mohiuddin b A M Mamsa	4
K C Mashruwalla c Desai b P R. Umrigar	20
D G Phadkar batting	19
V P Pandit batting	3
Extras	4
Total	80

Fall of wickets: 1-7; 2-8; 3-19; 4-48; 5-64.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O	M	R	W
R S Modi	8	3	11	0
P R Umrigar	14	9	12	3
A M Mamsa	7	2	19	2
H A Perumal	9	2	21	0
K C Abdulla	4	1	13	0

BOMBAY BADMINTON

Mrs. Soman And Iyer Defeated

The first upset of the mixed doubles in the All-India Badminton Championship was provided by Miss Nigudkar and Brayshay who accounted for Mrs Soman and Iyer after three gruelling games.

The following were the results:—

Mrs. Athaide and Athaide beat Miss Kundaji and Dinkar Rao. 11-15, 17-15, 15-13; Mrs. Hussein and Maisland beat Miss Raikar and Kalappa 15-6, 15-8; Miss Wagle and Shirke beat Mrs. Modak and Bhide 15-5, 15-4; Miss Sunder Deodhar and Davindar Mohan beat Miss Bhat and Shete 15-3, 15-8; Miss Anand and Ashok Nath beat Miss D'Souza and Soares 15-8, 15-13; Ramchandra beat Khan Din 15-7, 15-5; Miss Mr R. Vimadalal and Madgaokar beat Mrs Castellino and Gopal 15-8, 15-7; Mrs Lewis and Lewis beat Miss P. D Shroff and B. D. Shroff 15-7, 15-7; Miss Chinoy and Desai beat Miss M. M. Mehta and M. N. Desai 15-2, 15-3. Miss Nigudkar and Brayshay beat Mrs. Soman and Iyer 7-15, 15-12, 18-15; Pandurang Ramji beat Ganpat Ramji 15-11, 3-15, 15-13; Mrs Lewis and Anand beat Miss Bhat and Miss M. M. Mehta 15-8, 15-4; Sahve beat Sarjoo Prasad 15-4, 15-9.

The following are today's matches:

COURT NO. 1.

5-00 Hari Sadoo Vs. Pandurang Ramji or Ganpat Ramji, 5-20 Banarji Vs. G. P. Shirke, 5-50 K. R. Kappor Vs. B. P. Brayshay, 6-10 M N. Desai Vs. V. G. Bhide, 6-40 Mrs R. Soman and Miss N Wagle Vs. Mrs. A. Athaide and Miss M. D'Souza 7-00 Ramchandra or Khan Din Vs Vasudeo.

COURT No. 2.

5-00 S. Bose Vs. M. Soares; 5-20 G. R. Agre Vs. V. A. Madgavkar, 5-50 G. Lewis Vs. S. Dinker Rao, 6-10 S. P. Sood and S. L. Jaini Vs. A. V. Ullal and B. V. Ullal; 6-40 Miss A. R. Bimadalal and Miss M. R. Vimadalal Vs. Mrs. G. Lewis and Miss P. Anand or Miss K. R. Bhat and Miss M. M. Mehta; 7-10 S. Bose and Banerji Vs. P. B. Brayshay and R. Marsland.

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

By J. C. MAITRA

The Aquatic Gala at the C.G.I. last week-end was a grand success. I have never seen such a large and enthusiastic crowd at such a function in Bombay before. The arrangements were well-nigh perfect. I only wish that the press had not to face the sun from their seats! However, S. P. Kapadia, the Honorary Secretary in charge and his committee have every reason to be gratified at the increasing popularity of their show. There were several fine performances too to delight the spectators, and the number of entries was a record one which went to show that this branch of sport is now receiving greater attention from the younger generation than before.

RAJARAM SAWOO'S TREBLE

Rajaram Sawoo from Calcutta carried away three Western India Championships, namely, 100 yards Free Style, 75 yards Medley and 100 yards Backstroke for men. The ease and grace with which he carried himself to the front was an object lesson to our swimmers. While the Plain Diving Championship of Western India was claimed by Lieut. Jean Hollow of the Royal Indian Navy, the 100 yards Breast stroking and 400 yards Free styles for men were won by Robert Deane and Mickey Talbot respectively. Theirs were good performances also. In addition to the above, both Deane and Talbot earned a second place in the 75 yards Medley and 100 yards Free style respectively.

PAM BALLANTYNE'S RECORD

In the women's events—there were only two of them—the 15-year-old, Pamela Ballantyne, the All-India Champion excelled her competitors completely. The 50 yards Free style and Plain Diving titles fell to her lot. Then she set up a new all-India record for 100 yards for women finishing the distance in 75 seconds. Pam is going away to England shortly. I wish her greater success there.

Among the kiddies who shone were P. Shamdas and Diana Drew. While the former won both the 50 yards Free styles and Breast stoke for boys under 12 Diana stood second to Pamela in Plain Diving for women—a fine achievement in deed for a tiny girl of her age.

PROGRESS OF ATHLETICS

Athletics in Bombay are also gaining in popularity was evidenced by the large number of entries in the various events in the Junior Olympic Games which were held at the Cooperage last week-end. It was pleasing to see that many of them are being trained on the right lines and there was all round improvement in the standard.

Among the Cadet Boys, K. Gazdar, B. P. Thompson, A. D'Souza, M. Matten and E. Powell acquitted themselves creditably. The first-named won the 800 and 1,500 metres and stood second in the 400 metres, while the second claimed the first places in the 200 metres and Hop, Step and Jump, conceding this position in 100 metres to Powell, who earned the second rank in 20 metres. D'Souza came into the limelight in the Field events, High Jump and Pole Vault being his first claims. He also ranked second in Hop, Step and Jump and 110 metres Hurdles.

A. Norman topped in two events in cycling 500 metres and 2000 metres Cap Run being his monopolies.

M. Mullen on the other hand, booked the Broad Jump and Pulling the shot in his favour.

Among the Cadet girls, J. La Personne had the distinction of winning 3 events, namely 50 and 100 metres and High Jump.

ZONAL HOCKEY IN BOMBAY?

It is very gratifying to learn that the B.P.H.A. Committee has decided to chalk out a new path in promoting hockey in Bombay. They intend to run a competition on Zonal instead of communal, basis, so favoured by the Cricket and Football Lords of our city—this season.

You may be surprised to hear that this idea has secured the blessings even from Bori Bunder. Its evening columnist, Soloman commenting on it, says, "The sooner sport becomes divorced from the communal element the better it will be for sport in all its branches."

The complete scheme for the competition has not been drawn up yet. I understand that there is a possibility of the city and the suburbs being divided into eight zones and a tournament on a knock-out basis being played between selected players residing in those areas. Then why not make use of the second wards already demarcated by our Municipality and add the suburbs to the lot? This is sure to create a good deal of interest and enthusiasm among the fans residing there.

MAHARANI OF MORVI DEAD
(From Our Correspondent)

MORVI, Nov. 30.

H. H. The Maharani of Morvi passed away yesterday after prolonged illness.

"Court mourning has been ordered for five days."

REWARD £ 500

YOU CAN BE YOUNG IN 24 HOURS

"OTOGEN" (VITAMIN TONIC) makes a man or woman look and feel 15 to 20 years younger than the actual age. It is useful for loss of vigour, impure blood, mental and physical exhaustion. It gives good appetite and increases weight from 5 to 10 lbs. within a week. The roses return to your cheeks and your appearance is improved 100%. The brilliance and lustre on your face will be the same as in youth when your skin was smooth and fresh "OTOGEN" improves your looks, puts a sparkle into your eyes, rosy colour into your cheeks and lips. It darkens the whitish grey hair permanently for life and gives natural new teeth to the old men

"OTOGEN" was tried in SWITZERLAND upon an emaciated male patient aged above 100 years Only by one month's regular use of this marvellous preparation that patient of 100 years age gained the health of a 30 years young man and has recently married a young wife. The actors and actresses of HOLLYWOOD are active young looking, and charming by the use of this medicine even at an advanced age of 80 and 90 years and they are enthusiastically working on the stages The use of "OTOGEN" by females in their prime of life guarantees up to the last days of life never-fading charms of youth and preserves school-girl complexion all along. For Males in their period of youth. Otogen wards off premature old age, retains the jet black hair, a bloomy face and a robust health throughout and makes one feel and look several years younger than the actual age.

"OTOGEN" was once put in a glass tumbler for a long time and that GLASS TUMBLER turned to be an unbreakable one and could not actually be broken to pieces though severe strokes had been blown on the same. It has been tested and approved by thousands and thousands in ENGLAND and is now available in India. Commence taking "OTOGEN" immediately and let the results speak for themselves. Moreover, before commencing the test, weigh yourself, look in the mirror and observe your appearance. Then at the end of one week look again in the mirror, note exactly how you look and feel, and appreciate the effects of taking "OTOGEN".

In order to popularise "OTOGEN" in India, the price is to be Rs. 5/- only for a very short period, after some time its original price of Rs. 30 will be charged. Order to-day for to-morrow may be too late as there is limited stock on account of war conditions.

GUARANTEE.—A Cash Reward of £500 shall be awarded to any scientist or medical man or any of the public who proves the inefficacy of our most wonderful invention

NOTE:—Unlike other Rejuvenators "Otogen" is the only one of its kind which yields equally splendid results even in the EXTREMES OF HEAT OF TROPICAL SUMMERS as in winter or any other mild and temperate climate.

Under the burning heat of summer Sun WHEN YOU ARE AT ZERO, OTOGEN IS ALSO AN EXCELLENT RESTORATIVE.

OTOGEN LABORATORIES (ENGLAND)
27., Nicholson Road, LAHORE.

Sold by all Leading Chemists and Stores.
Stockists:—Perry & Co., Ltd., Grant Road, Bombay.
M/s. MARSHALL & CO., 171, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay
HARDINGE & CO., Charni Road, Bombay.
VORA BROS., Princess Street, Bombay.
P. HARKINDAS & CO., Lamington Road, Bombay.
GRAND PHARMACY, Charni Road, Bombay.

A BOON TO CHILDREN!

BALSATHI

Best cure for all diseases of children used throughout India for the last 30 years. Sold at all Chemists or write to:—

VAIDYA JAGANNATH G.,
Varadh Office, NADIAD.

MOUTH HYGIENE FOR MILLIONS

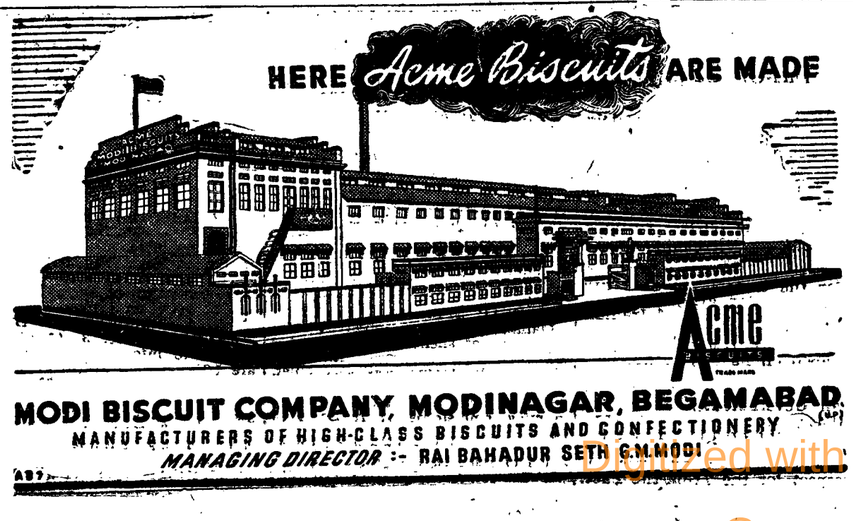
To the need of millions of Indian homes for a first-class tooth brush, the Aryan is the perfect answer. Not only is it a truly swadeshi brush, but it possesses excellent quality too.

Here is a brush made from sterilized natural bristles set in the handle by the patented 'Aryan Grip' device. Both these features ensure longer service than obtainable from ordinary brushes with synthetic bristles. It has a special shape scientifically designed by a famous dental surgeon, Dr. P. Dhargalkar, which makes it possible for all parts and crevices of the teeth to be thoroughly cleansed.

Aryan
TOOTH BRUSH

Sole Agents: KALAPI STORES, BOMBAY, 2.
ARYAN BRUSH COMPANY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

ATB. 4.



MODI BISCUIT COMPANY, MODINAGAR, BEGAMABAD
MANUFACTURERS OF HIGH-CLASS BISCUITS AND CONFECTIONERY
MANAGING DIRECTOR :- RAI BAHADUR SETH G.M.MODI

AB7

A&A 451

how India can have

30,00,000 TONS MORE GRAIN A YEAR

This is the WEEVIL (highly magnified) which, with rats, other insects and damp, destroys over one-twentieth of our total grain requirements. It thrives on our carelessness, and multiplies thousands of times every year!

ACTUAL SIZE

30,00,000 tons of grain go to waste every year, through BAD STORAGE. Damp, rats and insects are stealing from each individual in India, 8 seers of grain a year. This can and must be prevented by the universal adoption of these sensible and effective rules of grain storage :—

DOS

Clean and dry all the grain before storage.

Store grain only in clean godowns: scrub the walls and floor, whitewash the walls, fill up all cracks in floor and walls before using for storage.

Store grain only in waterproof godowns.

Store grain only in ratproof godowns: fill up holes with cement and broken glass: cover drainage holes with wire netting: see that doors fit well.

Store grain in bulk where possible: if stored in bags, see that bags are clean, raised from the floor and not touching the walls.

Inspect the grain regularly, and open ventilators for light and air on dry days.

DON'TS

Don't keep sound grain in dirty godowns or in dirty bags, or near infested grain.

Don't store grain when it is wet.

Don't allow water, sweepings, old bags, dirty matting to remain in or near godowns.

Don't clean grain near godowns.

Don't store grain in bags for longer than 4 months in a dry climate or 3 months in a damp climate.

Don't let grain lie on open railway platforms.

SAVE FOOD-SERVE INDIA

Issued by Food Department, Government of India, New Delhi.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 22 December, 2016

3rd WEEK
Daily 4, 7 & 10
Sun. & Holiday Mat. at 1-0 p.m.
PANCHOLI'S MUSICAL HIT
KAISE KAHUN?
RAGINI, NAJMAL, JAGIRDAR, AKHTAR, AJMAL & DURGA MOTA.
AT
IMPERIAL
Cinema
A Bharat Pictures' Ltd. Release.

THE MODERN INDIA
finds tongue in
BHAVNANI Productions'
BISVI-SADI
MOTILAL-NARGIS
MAZHARKHAN
Director: M. BHAVNANI
SWASTIK
Daily: 4, 7 & 10
Booking: 10 to 12 & 3 to 6
A Diamond-National Release.

TAGORE WEEK
Today at 6-15 P. M.
(1) THE UNTOUCHABLE MAID (in Gujarati)
Tomorrow at 6-15 P. M.
(2) THE KINGDOM OF CARDS (In Gujarati)
AT
CAPITOL
THEATRE
Advance Booking:—10 to 12 and 4 to 6 P. M.
Rates Rs. 10, 7, 5 & 2

IT'S THE TALK OF THE TOWN!
See this Popular Favourite Today
Producer-Director
KISHORE SAHU'S
VEER KUNAL
A Ramnik Production
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Sun. Matinee 1 p.m.
Advance Booking:
10 to 12 & 4-30 to 6 p.m.
NOVELTY
A RADIUM RELEASE

SONGS
that appeal and inspire
MURLI MOVIETONES'
AMRAPALI
PREM ADIB, SABITA DEVI
Director: NANDLAL JASWANTLAL
5TH WEEK
ROXY
Daily: 4, 7, 10
Booking: 9-30 to 12 & 3-30 to 6
A RADIUM Release

6TH WEEK AT
CENTRAL
PRABHAT'S
Lakharani
Daily: 4, 7 & 10; Matinees at 1-0 on Sun. Holidays
Plans Open 10 to 12, 4 to 6 P. M.

A CHALLENGE TO DESTINY!
JAYANT DESAI'S
Musical Hit
TADBIR
Starring SAIGAL
Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sun. 1 P. M.
Plans Open 10 to 12, 4 to 6 P.M.
2nd WEEK OF FULL HOUSES
KRISHNA

15th Week
HEAR TWO SONGS BY POET TAGORE IN NEW THEATRES' HIT
HAMRAHI
Direction & Screenplay:—BIMOL ROY
Daily:— 4, 7 & 10 P. M.
Sun. at 1 P. M.
(Plans Open 10 to 12)
MINERVA

"TRADE ENQUIRY."
IMPORT.
Place all your requirements for Imports from England, America, Canada, Australia and Continent. Efficient services assured.
K R O Z & C O.
PODAR CHAMBERS,
BOMBAY 1.
TEL. NO.: 21522

WANTED
LADIES and GENTLEMEN for free Medical Advice on all their health and beauty problems, to come personally between 9 A.M. to 12 noon, and 6 P.M. to 8 p.m. or write in detail all difficulties and enclose a self-addressed Stamped Envelope for reply to the "Consultation Deptt." The Otogen Laboratories, 27, Nicholson Road, Lahore.

8th WEEK
of Great Popularity
GHAR
PICTURE that FAMILIES have LIKED
MAJESTIC
Daily 4, 7 and 10
Booking 10 to 12 and 4 to 6
Advance F. E. Release.

COLOURFUL ENTERTAINMENT
MINERVA'S HISTORICAL HIT
EK-DIN KA SULTAN
Directed by SOHRAB MODI
Starring: MEHTAB.
Plans Open: 10 to 12, 4 to 6 P. M.
Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sun. 1 P. M.
6th WEEK OF POPULARITY
NEW WEST END

A SAGA OF SUFFERING!
EASTERN PICTURES
ZEENAT
Directed by SHAUKAT HUSSAIN
Starring: NOOR JEHAN.
Daily: 4, 7, 10. Plans Open 9 to 11 and 5 to 6 P. M.
3rd HOUSE-FULL WEEK
SUPER
A 'SALMA' Release.

3RD GLORIOUS WEEK
Every beautiful girl should see this picture
AMAR'S
RATNAVALI
Director:
SURENDRA DESAI, M.A.
SURENDRA, RATNAMALA,
4, 7 & 10 P. M.
Sun., Holi. Mat. 1 P. M.
LAMINGTON
An "EXCELLENT" Release

NEXT FRIDAY!
PRAKASH'S
LONG AWAITED SOCIAL
Daily: 4, 7 & 10.
HAMARA SANSAR
Adv. Booking
9-30 to 12-30 & 2-30 to 5-0.
CAPITOL
(EVERGREEN Release)

RANJIT'S
DHANNA BHAGAT
Daily: 4, 7, & 10 p. m.
Royal Opera House

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Kartik Vad 30, 2002
Muslim: Zilhej 28, 1364
Parsi: Tir 2, 1315
Sunrise: 6-57 a.m. Sunset 6-1 p.m.
Hightide: 11-28(—)
Lowtide: 5-48, 17.37

To-day's Engagements

SRI KRISHNA SABHA: Discourse on Sugriva-Pattabhishekam by Vidwan Satakopacharlar of Srirangam at 8-0 p.m today (Tuesday) at the Astika Samaj Hall.

NATIONAL COUNCIL OF WOMEN: A Social with musical Entertainment of The National Council of women in India will be held at Lady Chandavarker's Bungalow Pedder Road, Malabar Hill, today (Tuesday) at 4-30 p.m.

GATHA SOCIETY: Meeting will be held today (Tuesday) at 6 p.m. at K. R. Cama Oriental Institute Hall, Apollo St. Dasturji Bode will expound the Gathas.

ROTARY CLUB OF BOMBAY: Weekly Luncheon Meeting today (Tuesday) at 1-30 p.m.—Green's Hotel. Rotarian T. T. Kothavala will speak on "Railway-Road Co-ordination."

B.B AND C.I. RAILWAY WORKERS MEETING: Under the auspices of the B. B. and C. I. Railwaymen' Union a general meeting of B. B. and C. I. Railwaymen will be held tomorrow (Wednesday at Elphinstone Road at 6-30 p m to protest against the attitude of the Railway Board towards the question of Retrenchment, Revision of Scales of Pay and other demands. Mr S H Jhabwala, president of the Union, will preside.

PUBLIC LECTURE: Under the auspices of The Blavatsky Lodge T. S. The Social Workers' Society Mr C D Barfiwala will lecture in English on Greater Bombay at the Besant Hall of the Lodge at French Bridge Chowpatty today (Tuesday) at 6 p m (S. T.) Mr. Nagindas Master will preside.

BISHOP OF LAHORE TO SPEAK: The Rt. Rev. G. D. Barne, the Bishop of Lahore will deliver an address on The Most Responsible Profession at 4-30 p m today (Tuesday) in St. Stanislaus' High School, Bandra. Sir Chimanlal Setalvad is to preside. The Exhibition of Teaching Aids Organised by the Schools of Bombay City and Suburbs will be opened by I. H. Taunton on Saturday, Dec. 8 at 11 a.m. in the St. Xavier's High School, Bombay.

FREE EXHIBITION: Of health and cultural talkie films today (Tuesday) on the play ground at Dr. Viegas Street, Girgaon Road, at 6-30 p m, and on Trinity Street playground, Girgaon at 8-30 p m.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: A special meeting of the Standing Committee will be held in the Corporation Hall today (Tuesday) at 3 p m (Bombay Time).

Another special meeting of the Standing Committee will be held the same day in the Corporation Hall, at 5-30 p m (Bombay Time).

IMPROVEMENTS COMMITTEE: The December Monthly Meeting of the Improvements Committee which should ordinarily be held today (Tuesday) will be held in the Corporation Hall, on Tuesday, the 11th December at 3 p m (B(T.) The Adjourned Meeting of the Improvements Committee which was roiginally called on Tuesday the 23rd October will also be held the same day after the December Monthly Meeting of the Committee.

F. S. U. EXHIBITION: Final Day of Exhibition of the F. S. U. Exhibition: "Our Neighbour —Soviet Asia" today (Tuesday) at Brahman Sahayak Sangh, Shivaji Park, Dadar, Timings: 3 to 9-30 pm. Entrance fee, one anna. Half the net income will go to I.N.A. Relief Fund

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL MUSLIM LEAGUE: Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League a public meeting of the Musselmans of Bombay will be held today (Tuesday) at 9 p m (S T) at Kaisar Bag, Dongri to congratulate Quaid-e-Azam Jinnah on his being elected to the Central Assembly. Mr I I Chundrigar, President of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League will preside.

RAHBAR MOHURRUM LECTURE: Under the auspices fo "Rahbar" Miss Rabia Hameed will speak on "Mother and Child" at 5 p m to-day (Tuesday) at the Municipal Marathi Central School, near Noor Baug. Mr. Ahmedullah will speak on "Islam and Sacrifice" at 5-40 p m to-day at the same place.

Photographic Society's Exhibition

The Seventh Members' Exhibition of Photography of the Photographic Society of India will be opened on Friday at 6 p m by Mr. Ahmed I. Rahimtoola, Presidency Magistrate at the Society's premises at 195, Hornby Road.

The Society has received in all 194 prints from 50 members out of which 72 prints have been selected by the judges for the exhibition. The jury of selection for this exhibition was: Mr V V Oak, Mr B B Panibunda and Mr Karl J Khandalavala.

The Exhibition will remain open to the public from Saturday, 8th December to Friday, 21st from 5 to 7 in the evening, admission being free.

The following, among others, are the awards made:

SIR IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA MEMORIAL SHIELD AND SOCIETY'S SILVER PLAQUE
"Vicky" Mr A J Patel, F R P S.
SOCIETY'S BRONZE PLAQUES:—
"Jack" Dr S B Cooper.
"Lone Cyclists" Mr Rustom N Kharas
CERTIFICATES OF MERIT:—
"Meditation" Mr Homi K Dady Burjor, A R P S, "Swarnalata" Mr C Gajjar "Babe In The Wood" Mr R Gregory A R P S, "God Forsaken" Mr Mazher S Master, "A Whirl Of Dust" Dr G Thomas, A R P S.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

TUESDAY, Dec. 4.
BOMBAY—1.
244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—8-0 a.m. News (H) 8-15 News (E) 8.30 Avdabai Sangskar 8.45 Ibrahim. 8-50 News (M) 9.0 News (G) 9.10 Programme Parade 9-15 Bhajan 9.30 M. D. Tendulkar: (Violin) 9.45 Sham Derve. 12.30 p.m. Bhavgeet 12.45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12.55 News (H) 1.0 Selections 1.30 News (E) 1.40 Lunch-Hour 2.30 Break for Lunch 4-20 School Broadcast 5.0 Govindrao Mashalkar 5.15 M. D. Tendulkar: (Violin) 5.35 Bhajan 5-45 Topical Talk 5.55 Locals 6-0 For the Forces 6.30 News (E) 6.40 News (H) 6-45 L. G. Bartake. 7.0 Music 7.15 Govindrao Mashalkar 7.30 M. D. Tendulkar: (Violin) 7.45 Shakarrao Vyas 8-0 Amche Gujarati Dost 8.15 News (M) 8.30 News (G) 8-45 M. S. Kanetkar 9.0 News (H) 9.20 News (E) 9.30 B. B. C. News 9-40 Pilu on Dilruba 9.45 Meet the Guest 10.0 Olga Craen 10-30 The Prilharmonic Orchestra 10-45 Branco Bratich.

TENANT'S APPEAL ADMITTED

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Lokur)
J. H. Tehsildawo .... Appellant (Original defendant)
vs.
1. Dr. Joseph F. D'Mello
2. Mrs. Maud D'Mello.. Respondents (Original Plaintiffs)

His Lordship admitted an appeal from the decision of the District Judge of Thana confirming the decree of the Civil Judge at Andheri for possession of the ground floor of a bungalow at Santa Cruz belonging to the respondents occupied by the appellant as a monthly tenant at the rent of Rs. 100 per month.

The Rent Controller, Bombay Suburban District, had issued the necessary certificate on the ground that during the inquiry before him, and the bitter relations between the owners and the tenant it was not desirable "in the interest of public peace" that the appellant should continue in occupation as tenant. The validity of the Rent Controller's Certificate was challenged in this appeal, on the ground that it was not in accordance with the Rent Act.

His Lordship having admitted the appeal, it will come up for hearing in due course.

Sir Jamshedji Kanga instructed by Messrs. Mulla and Mulla appeared for the appellant.

Ford Motor Strike Called Off

BOMBAY, Monday.

Eight hundred employees of the Ford Motor Company, Bombay, who went on strike to-day called off the strike by mid-day as assurances were forthcoming from the management that their grievances would be redressed.

The strike was a sequel to the policy of retrenchment adopted by the management after the termination of the war.

Two Murders In City During Week-End

BOMBAY, Monday.

Two murders committed during the week-end in the city added two more victims to the toll of tragic events which occurred in the city on a rather accentuated scale last week.

Gulam Hussain a member of the Indian military forces, it is alleged was stabbed to death by a man called Shaik Nazimuddin in a drunken brawl at Stable Street on Saturday night.

The second murder took place near the Ahmed Ali Sha Darga at Jail Street, Dongri.

Shaikh Adam Shaikh Cassam, who was standing outside the Darga, was stabbed fatally by a person named Baloo, who it is alleged bore him enmity.

The police are on the look-out for the assailant who is absconding.

Woman Burns Herself

BOMBAY, Monday.

Unable to bear the torments she had to suffer at the hands of her husband and his mother Pushpalatabai Shidaye, a Hindu woman aged 22, residing at Kurla, is stated to have ended her life by burning herself.

She is said to have poured Kerosene on her clothes and set fire to them. She died in hospital yesterday.

RASHTRABHASHA EXAM.

The Secretary, Bombay Provincial Rashtrabhasha Prachar Sabha writes:—

The Rashtrabhsha Examinations: Prarambhic, Pravesh, Parichaya and Kovid—of the Rashtrabhasha Prachar Samiti, Wardha will be held in the first week of February 1946. Application forms with fees for the above examinations will be accepted from 8th December to 12th December 1945 on Saturday, Sunday between 3 and 5 p m and on other days from 9 to 10-30 a m, 5-30 p m to 7 p m at the new premises: Fellowship School near Gowalia Tank Maidan, Bombay.

CENTRAL ASSEMBLY ELECTIONS

44 Declared Elected Without Contest From 9 Provinces

NAGPUR, Dec. 2 (U.P.I.)—The "United Press of India" authoritatively learns that upto November 28 last 44 members were declared elected to the Central Assembly without contest from different parts of the country.

The provincial distribution is as follows: The Central Provinces—4; United Provinces—7; Madras—8; Bombay—6; Punjab—4; Bihar—6; Bengal—3; Assam—3; Orissa—1; Ajmer—1 and Sind—1.

(In the last general elections to the Central Assembly held in 1934, 29 members were elected without contest).

POLLING IN GANJAM-VIZAG. CONSTITUENCY

BERHAMPORE (Ganjam), Dec. 2 (A.P.I.)—Polling in the Ganjam-Vizagapatam Constituency for the Central Assembly was completed last evening.

In Berhampore town, over 60 per cent of the total votes were recorded of which, it is stated, the Congress polled a large majority.

Polling in rural parts has been generally low and will not be more than 30 per cent.

Mr. Narayana Murti (Congress), Mr. H. K. Sahu (Independent), and Mr. Pattabhirama Reddy (Independent) are the contestants from the Ganjam-Vizagapatam Constituency.

POLLING IN BIHAR

PATNA, Dec. 1 (A.P.I.)—Polling in Bihar for the Central Assembly elections concluded yesterday.

Out of the ten seats for the Central Assembly in Bihar no contest took place in seven as Congress candidates were returned unopposed in five of the six general Non-Muhammadan Constituencies and League candidates were similarly returned unopposed in two of three Muhammadan constituencies.

35,000 NEW VOTERS FOR MADRAS G.C.

MADRAS, Dec. 2 (A.P.I.)—Over 35,000 new voters have been included in the revised list prepared for the City General Constituency of the Madras Legislative Assembly. There are now 116,144 voters.

PURSE OF RS. 80,000 TO PANT

LUCKNOW, Dec. 2 (A.P.I.)—Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant returned today to Lucknow from his election tour of Unao, Sitapur and Hardoi districts. Purses amounting to Rs. 80,000 were presented to him in the course of the tour.

He left today for Calcutta to attend the meeting of the Congress Working Committee.

SUBHAS ROAD FOR BOMBAY

Corporation's Direction To Commissioner

The Municipal Corporation on Monday resolved to request the Municipal Commissioner to name a prominent thoroughfare in the city to commemmorate the yeomen services rendered by the late Sjt. Subhas Chandra Bose to the country. Mr. P. K. Sawant moved: That the Commissioner be informed that the Corporation are of opinion that with a view to commemmorate the yeomen services rendered by the late Sjt. Subhas Chandra Bose to the country, it is desirable to name a prominent thoroughfare in the city after him and the Commissioner be requested to consider the desirability of submitting to the Corporation for approval a suitable proposal in the matter.

Mr. M. U. Rajab moved an amendment to refer the matter to the Works Committee for report.

Mr. M. E. Joshi raised a point of order that since the matter was under court martial enquiry, the question of naming road could not be discussed at this stage.

Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta said that the resolution was quite in order.

The Mayor ruled the resolution in order.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta then said that the resolution was so good, so innocent and so harmless that it could be passed without the least hesitation. Though he did not agree with what Mr. S. C. Bose did after 1941,—and he personally would have fought against Mr. Bose if he had invaded India then,—he would say that the services rendered by Mr. Bose to India were unique and yeomen.

Mr. C. B. Cockain, (Chamber of Commerce) moved an amendment to add the following words after yeomen services "which many of us think were rendered" etc.

Mr. R. F. Munshi seconded the amendment.

Mr. M. V. Donde said it was not decorous to accept the amendment as it did not show unanimity of the House.

Mr. S. K. Patil also thought that the Corporation never expressed their view in that language before.

The Mayor ruled that the amendment was inconsistent and out of order.

Mr. M. E. Joshi then moved postponement of the discussion but that too was lost.

Mr. M. U. Rajab's amendment was then taken to a division and declared lost by 14 votes against 35. The original resolution was carried by a majority.

The House then adjourned till Thursday.

Dahanu Strike Echo In Court

(From Our Correspondent.)

DAHANU, Nov. 30.—An echo of the strike of Adiwasi peasants in Dahanu Taluka was heard in the court of Mr. M. M. Hakim—Sub-Judge and First Class Magistrate, Dahanu—yesterday, when Nhana Bendya an Adiwasi peasant—filed a complaint against the Dahanu Sub-Inspector of Police, two constables and some landlords for alleged harassment and maltreatment. The said complaint is filed under sections 307, 506 (2), 147, 342 etc, of the I.P.C. As prominent persons of the Taluka are involved in the case, it has created a good deal of sensation in the town.

Bombay Governor In Umbergon Taluka

(From Our Correspondent.)

DAHANU, Nov. 30.—H. E. The Governor of Bombay, who is at present touring in Gujerat, will visit Bhilad in Umbergon Taluka on the 7th inst.

It will be recalled that during the Adiwasi strike in the month of October, it was at Bhilad that the police had to open fire on the Adiwasis.

H. E. Governor will hold a Darbar of Adiwasis at Talasaria village seven miles off Bhilad. He will later receive a deputation of the landlords of Umbergon Taluka.

Mr. Simms, Commissioner, N. D. and Mr. Stratfield—Backward Class Officer to the Government of Bombay—visited Dahanu and Umbergon Taluka, a few days after the firing at Bhilad. The Adiwasis are looking out with great hope to the expected visit of the Governor.

Resolutions On Firing Before Calcutta Corporation

CALCUTTA, Dec. 2. (U.P.I.). The recent police firing in the City is the subject of resolutions proposed to be moved at the forthcoming meeting of the Calcutta Corporation.

One of the resolutions records deep sense of sorrow and loss at the death of victims of the firing and another records "emphatic protest against wanton and unwarranted firing by the police and military on the peaceful procession of students and crowd."

DEMAND FOR INQUIRY

It further demands an impartial enquiry into the matter "So that persons responsible for the shooting may be punished".

By another resolution the Corporation will record its protest against the trials of I.N.A. personnel and demand their unconditional release.

A resolution welcoming Mahatma Gandhi and members of the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress will also be moved at the meeting.

FRESH STOCKS ARRIVED
PHOTO CAMERA for Rs. 5-12 only

LIMITED STOCKS—ORDER NOW LEST YOU BE DISAPPOINTED. This Camera captures the object in the twinkling of the eye Can be used both by AMATEURS and professionals without any inconvenience.

Takes photos of all things which a camera ought to take. All its parts built of superior materials
BUY THIS CAMERA—Make a Hobby—Earn a Trade
PRICE REFUNDED IF NOT APPROVED
PRICE:—Box Camera, Complete with all film, cards, chemicals and easy directions Rs. 5-12. Special quality 7-4. Extra Special quality No 444 Rs. 11/4/-. Packing and Postage Rs. 1/- extra. Full amount advance with postage for Ceylon and Base P.O.
CHAND & CO., (B. C. B.) Jullunder City.

YOUR LUCK FREE
Test The Divine Power
Full year life Reading in monthly details concerning your health wealth profession, life, marriage, finance, children, causes and remedies of your failures and worries together with your Lucky Birth stone will be foretold Send no money advance Simply name any flower and letter writing time to
Prof. COMAR
P.O. Box No. 149, LAHORE

ESTD. 1930
Phone-Cal. 2546 Tele.—Payment.
BHARATI CENTRAL BANK Ltd.
Head Office—15 Clive Street, CALCUTTA.
CAPITAL
Authorised Capital Rs. 1,00,00,000
Subscribed Capital Exceeds Rs. 5,87,000
Paid-up Capital Exceeds Rs. 5,10,000
Working Capital Exceeds Rs. 1,20,00,000
SUBCLEARING IN BOMBAY. LIQUID FUNDS POSITION Very strong, exceeds 66 p.c. of the deposits.
INVESTMENT
in Government papers, Reserve Bank shares and other stocks is the special mark.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES ALL OVER INDIA.
CHAPRA BRANCH opened on 7-11-45. Dr. Syed Mahmud, the ex-member, the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress presided.
Mg. Director.—Mr N. C. DATTA, M. A B. L.

TO MAKE A LOVELY COMPLEXION
Lovelier
Use Kanti Soap. Its rich, soft, fragrant, and cleansing lather will satisfy.
For long lustrous hair use Swastik Perfumed Castor Oil.

SWASTIK OIL MILLS LTD., BOMBAY 15.
National Advtg. Serv.

A.-I. WEATHER CHART

POONA, December 3. (A. P. I.): Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from first Jan. 1945 and departure from normal recorded at eight hours I.S.T. on 3rd December 1945 :—

Ahmedabad 86 60 0 36.7 + 7.5, Amraoti 85 60 0 33.6 + 0.6 Bangalore 80 55 0 22.2 — 8.5 Baroda 91 50 0 53.1 Belgaum 86 55 0 43.9 — 6.7, Bhopal 83 52 0 43.5 — 8.7, Bombay 80 66 0 88.0 + 10.9 Calcutta 83 54 0 53.9 — 8.9, Calicut 89 72 0 106.1 — 14.6 Cherrapunji 61 49 0 398.2 — 26.5 Colombo 87 72 0 61.8 — 21.7, Delhi 76 45 0 29.2 + 3.4 Hyderabad (Dn) 83 54 0 29.9 + 0.8 Hyderabad (Sd) 86 54 0 3.1 — 4.0 Indore 82 51 0 38.7 + 4.3, Karachi 82 65 0 6.4 — 1.1, Kodaikanal 65 47 0 39.2 3.5 Lahore 75 43 0 21.1 + 2.3, Lucknow 81 46 0 32.3 — 7.4, Mahableshwar 75 58 0 249.1 — 11.9, Mangalore 87 68 0 131.7 + 2.6, Marmagao 85 69 0 100.3 — 0.1 Mysore 79 58 0 30.2 — 0.8, Nagpur 86 59 0 53.7 + 4.9, Ootacamund 71 35 0 38.2 — 15.2, Poona 80 56 0 22.7 — 3.7, Rajkot 86 49 0 40.8 + 16.0, Sholapur 87 59 0 16.3 — 10.5, Surat 91 57 0 68.9 + 27.3

The Bombay Chronicle

THAILAND MYSTERY

The twenty-year-old King of Siam, Ananda Mahidol, who had been living in Switzerland during the past six years for the purpose of his studies, is on his way back to his country which, too, like most countries of the world, has had to pass through the fiery ordeal of a world war. There has been little news from Thailand—to give the country the name by which all patriotic elements in it would love it to be known—since the Japanese capitulation in August last, and one does not know what sort of reception the boy-king would be given by the present Government and the people at large. From all accounts, which were available before the outbreak of the war, Ananda Mahidol appears to be an amiable, intelligent and patriotic young man. But much water has passed under the Bangkok bridge during the past six years and it would be hazardous to forecast his future. Perhaps, the very fact that he has undertaken to pay a visit to his country while the storm is still blowing over South-east Asia, though the visit is stated to be for a period of two months only, after which he will return to Switzerland "to continue his studies," may be taken as an indication of the absence of any feelings of hostility either towards himself or towards the royal dynasty in official circles as well as among the people of Thailand. Though there is no hint that the visit of the king is taking place under British auspices, there need be little doubt regarding the same, since, if the British Foreign Office did not relish the prospect of such a visit it could have discovered ample excuses to refuse transport facilities to the boy-king.

What is really behind the present journey of the king will be unfolded only with the passage of time. The outside world has also still to find out how far Thailand has retained its independence since it emerged from the war, and how far its freedom has been circumscribed by Britain for the "sin" of having been drawn into the vortex of the war on the side of the Japanese. A few weeks ago the Washington correspondent of the *United Press of America* threw revealing light on what he alleged to be the secret plans of the British Government for the enslavement of Thailand. No contradiction of or comment of any sort on the U.P.A. despatch has been issued from any British quarter. If the facts, as revealed by the U.P.A. correspondent, are substantially true, then the British move must appear to every one as a most sinister one in the annals of British diplomacy. According to the correspondent, following the Japanese surrender, the British presented the Siamese with twenty-one demands as a condition to the surrender. These demands, if they had been accepted by the Government of Thailand, would have established a virtual British protectorate over the country. The demands included: First, the occupation of Thailand presumably by Indian troops—; second, the disarming of the Free Thai Army; third, controlling Thailand's exports and imports; fourth, "Allied" control over the production of Thailand's raw materials; and fifth, attachment of British political and legal advisers to the Thai Government, which, if it had materialised, would have placed the foreign policy of Thailand under British control.

Fortunately for Thailand, the United States Government is understood to have disapproved of the British move and to have exerted its pressure on the British Government to withdraw the demands. The United States Government is stated to have maintained that Thailand, during the war, was "as pro-Allied as any occupied nation, for example, France under Vichy rule". That the American standpoint was correct and fair to Thailand can be seen from the fact that, though since 1939 the Thai Government was dominated by an Army group under Luang Pibul, who had raised himself to the position of a virtual dictator and had subsequently forced his country to line itself with the Japanese, the Army group had been overthrown in 1944 by the people of Thailand and replaced by a Ministry of Liberal statesmen, with only one Army man among them and he, no pronounced militarist. After this revolution, the resistance movement against the Japanese had steadily grown in volume and along with Free Thai Army—which the British wanted to be disarmed!—had actively co-operated with the Allies in the liberation of Thailand. The United States Government was thus fully justified in demanding from the British that Thailand should not be penalised in the manner suggested by the British Government. The withdrawal of the British demands on Thailand is stated to have been followed by a military agreement signed at Kandy, the headquarters of S.E.A.C. Under this agreement British troops are permitted entry into Thailand to disarm the Japanese and release prisoners of war. How far the British troops have carried out their task and whether and in what strength they are still posted in Thailand has not been made known to the world. A thick curtain of mystery, therefore, hangs over Thailand.

Congress And Self-Determination

In a fresh statement on the subject of Congress attitude towards the Muslim League's claim to self-determination Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Congress President, remarks: "It is wrong to suggest that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel have ever said that those who stood for the principle of self-determination have no place in the Congress". The Congress attitude on this question, as on all others, is based on its resolutions and authorised statements. And in the event of any difference of opinion on the interpretation of any resolution, the decision of the President must stand, till the resolution is so modified as to prevent misconception. The Congress resolution, as finally adopted by the last meeting of the Working Committee at Poona, reiterates the previously expressed view that Congress stands for a Federation with the utmost possible autonomy to Provinces (including residuary powers) consistent with the safety and other common interests of the country.

This, by itself, seems to be downright opposition to any claim to self-determination by any community or province. But the Congress resolution adds that if any province expresses its considered opinion against joining the Federation, it will not be coerced This is a specific clearly defined concession to the claim of self-determination. It is, in the first place, a negative or permissive concession to self-determination in the sense that the claim, which may involve separation, is not approved but permitted as being less harmful than coercion through a civil war. Secondly, the permission is given not to a community, as Mr. Jinnah demands, but to a province or any other territorial unit. Thirdly, the procedure of self-determination is yet to be determined and may involve a certain period under Federation before a plebiscite is taken and also self-determination to parts of a province to prevent dictation to large bodies other than the one to which self-determination is conceded. These principal features of the Congress position should be clearly borne in mind in determining the extent and nature of the right of self-determination as conceded by Congress. It is incorrect to make a sweeping statement that Congress has completely or unreservedly rejected or conceded the right of self-determination. If the Muslim League wants further clarification of the Congress position it must first define and clarify its own demand.

The need for some kind of federation for India is realised by most persons who have given any serious thought to the subject. His Highness the Aga Khan prefers a confederation to partition or secession. "I hate the word secession," he says. "I want a confederation". He explains it as being like the British Commonwealth and being linked with it. Leaving aside the question of connection with the British Commonwealth, the confederation, as suggested by the Aga Khan, does not, in our opinion, differ much from the Congress proposal of a Federation with the utmost possible autonomy to the federating units including residuary powers and with the right of any unit, if it so desires, to keep out of the Federation. The links between the units and the Federal Government will have to be determined at the Constituent Assembly. In all probability the British Government will convene that Assembly immediately after the elections as it has pledged itself to do so. If it fails to honour its pledge, well, as Pandit Jawaharlal suggests, "it will be for other people to take the initiative."

Frankly Speaking

Wanted Publicity

In the welter of pro-Russian and anti-Russian propaganda it is becoming increasingly difficult to assess the truth behind the flood of reports that is issuing from Iran regarding the movements of the rebellious Azerbaijanians. No one, at least outside the Russian occupied northern zone of Iran, knows for certain what is really the strength of these insurgents and to what extent they are receiving covert as well as overt help from the Russian military authorities. One thing is quite clear. The Russians have prevented the Persian Government from sending troops to Northern Persia and have thus violated their own solemn undertaking as well as the integrity of Persia. Inspired propaganda from Moscow has scouted the idea that Russia has any intention of interfering in the internal affairs of Iran or that any sort of help is being given to the rebels by the Russian troops.

Russia's "Bona Fides"

The Moscow radio and press complain that quarters hostile to Soviet Russia are deliberately distorting news in order to prejudice world opinion against Russia and they twit the British Russo-phobists by asking them to look nearer their own doors where there is bitter complaint from Indians that Indian news reports are being distorted by British news agents with a view to prejudice American opinion against Indians. Apart, however, from these charges and counter-charges, one glaring fact cannot be denied and it is that there is an iron ring round the press in Northern Iran which is most objectionable and should be removed by the Russian military authorities there, if their 'bona fides' should be accepted by the outside world. If the truth is as stated by the Moscow press and radio, there can be no excuse for restricting the movements of representatives of the world press in northern Iran and for imposing any sort of censorship over their reports. Russia must prove its 'bona fides' not merely by propaganda but also by positive deeds. She may be sinned against but that is no excuse for herself sinning, too.

One More Triumph

What was a foregone conclusion has happened. Mr. M. R. Masani and Dr. G. V. Deshmukh, Congress candidates for the Central Assembly from Bombay City, have both been returned with thumping majorities, the Hindu Mahasabha candidate forfeiting his deposit. The first two candidates get 21,630 and 19,934 votes respectively, while the last gets only 4,667. This is only a repetition of what has happened at almost every election where the opponent to Congress candidates did not wisely withdraw in time. The time is gone when voters could be influenced by purely communal prejudices. That is indeed a great reform and needs to spread farther and wider. The Bombay election and those in other parts of the country also demonstrate the splendid loyalty of the people to Congress. It is certain that at the ensuing Provincial elections the Congress will achieve even greater triumphs than those it has done so far.

Harijans And Elections

The Bombay Government has notified that the primary elections for the seats reserved for Harijans will be held on January 8, 1946, that those Harijans whose names are included in the 1941 electoral rolls are eligible for nomination or voting, but that those qualified voters whose names are not in those rolls should make fresh applications for inclusion in the revised rolls. We assume that those whose names are included in the revised rolls due to be published yesterday need not make fresh applications. But the final rolls will be published on 21st January 1946 whereas the primary election is fixed on January 3. That means that many who have already applied for inclusion and may be included in the final rolls will not have the right to vote at the primary election. It is to be hoped Government will see that no injustice is done to Harijans.

I. N. A. Trials

The trial of certain I.N.A. officers has so excited the public all over the country, regardless of communal or provincial considerations, that the Government of India has felt constrained to issue a lengthy communique explaining its policy in respect of these trials. The substance of the communique is that Government has already shown "clemency and generosity" to most of the men either because they were either helpless or misguided in joining the I.N.A. but a few men and officers have to be prosecuted because there is evidence of their having committed acts of "gross brutality", acts which are "abhorrent to all civilised peoples." Government also states that the persons to be tried may not be more than 50 and may be even as few as 20. We doubt if so many members of the I. N. A. can be really guilty of gross brutality or crimes abhorrent to civilised people. But the main point is that the present constitutionally irresponsible Government, due to retire very soon, should in fairness and justice have left the question of judging the I.N.A. men to a responsible national Government expected to be formed in a few months.

(Continued from Col. 7.)

of the dead Indian soldier should be given equal chance to choose that democracy for his beloved country.

If the generals are to be believed—and certainly the great Generals are to be believed—the Indian soldier has defended his country and fought for upholding majority rule of democracy against minority rule of Fascism. An addition of two million disciplined voters will make the election more representative, more democratic, which every well wisher of the country should welcome. The Indian soldier wishes that if all is not putting only, his war service and war training alone should be enough qualification to be a voter. He knows that the vast army machinery of general staff that has successfully conducted a war of such great magnitude, can see to the enfranchisement of all the Indian soldiers in no time. If necessary the whole election can be shifted one month forward in bloc. With an honest intention there is no need of indecent hurry. Use power of ordinance or, if need be, have another bill of franchise passed by Parliament.

Here is one great chance of showing our gratitude to the Indian soldier and recognising and rewarding one and all of the, in memory of their wounded, and dead comrades—regular or emergency, demobbed or retained, pensioned or not, having medals to sport or no medals or those that waited. It should not be frittered away.

INDIAN.

ANOTHER FAMINE IN BIJAPUR!

Irrigation Is The Only Permanent 'Cure'

(BY "A FAMINE-STRICKEN")

The ill-starred district of Bijapur has been ever since suffering from the wasting chronic diseases of famines scarcities and draughts. In 1942-43, the whole District was hit with a horrible, total famine! The years preceding this black famine were also far from being bright as there were also the years either of semi-famines or scarcities. To add to this there were war conditions of high prices and other privations. When the district had hardly recovered from the shocks of these repeated blows than the ill-starred district has been again threatened with another famine!

Failure Of Both "Kharif" And "Rabi" Crops

In the Southern Division of the District and especially in Badami Bagalkot, part of Hunzand and Bilzi Petha there has been a total failure of almost both the crops. In many places here there has been no sowing even.

In the Northern Division of the district a portion of Bagewadi a part of Bijapur and certain areas of Indi and Sindji are also similarly affected "Kharif" crops have failed here also. There might be a few exceptional villages where people have got some grains from the lands. But these exceptional cases are so small in number and the yield got so scanty as just to suffice the tilling, tending and harvesting expenses, that they cannot be taken into any account, in some cases it might be just a provision, rather pittance hardly sufficient for a month! Cereals have failed here as also in the southern division. As regards the 'Rabi' crops in this division the position is a little different from the other division. But this does not mean that the northern division is out of the 'danger zone' of famine! As there have been some rains people have sown in this division. But as the rains were very scanty there is no sufficient moisture to help the growth of these crops here also. And though the green young sprouts sown in insufficient moisture appear to be smiling now, the poor things, have no feeding moisture in the heart of the soil. Hence they can't grow unless there are immediate rains. And in some places they are already withering, fading and dying out.

Prospect Of Rains And Their Possible Effect On Crops

Looking to the present weather conditions and the late day in the year (now the month of November is also fast elapsing) there is absolutely no prospect of rains! And even if there will be rains after a fortnight or so they will not be of much use to the crops in this division. As regards the crops in the other division rain or no rain, the situation is past all hopes! Because almost all the sowing seasons even the late and short period crops have gone. And what is the use of getting rains if at all we get them, as a post-mortem report when they have not been helpful while the patient was still struggling! As regards the S.D. the patient has been finished long, long ago!

People Growing Nervous

Such is the position of the crops in the district and looking to the history of the past so many years of this district the people are quite aware as to what is waiting for them in near future. In southern division they have already come in actual grips with it. They have no stocks of grains as they have already given what they had by way of Government levy; and what little was left has been already exhausted. "Mungara" (Kharif) crops have also failed! So they are struggling with their empty hands. And to purchase grains they have no money also. When conditions prevalent in the district are such, where should the money come from for the people here? And to add to this prices of all the necessities of life and agriculture have risen abnormally high due to the war-conditions. So the poor agriculturists and labourers,—these sons of the soil—dry parched inclement soil!—are growing nervous day by day.

History Of 150 Years Of British Raj

This poor district has been visited by so repeatedly by these famines and the Government is completely aware of the black history of this district during its rule of 150 years, the history available by means of its own official records is enough, apart from unofficial reports on this matter to make the Government keenly alive to this fact. But yet what has Government done in the past 150 years permanently to remove famine conditions from a whole big district? In this respect it is interesting to observe the remarks of Mr. Charles Edward Russel, a brilliant American journalist who visited India and wrote on British Administration with a special reference to the recurring famines rise. This was in 1906! Yet how very unchanged is the situation here in this respect even in 1945, at least, with reference to this district. Mr. Russel writing in "Everybody's Magazine in 1906 says:—

"Including the disaster now in progress, the one hundred and fifty years of British rule in India have seen twenty-three great Indian famines (it was it must be remembered in 1906)! The word has no meaning for you (Americans) unless you have been on the ground and have noted for yourself the terrible things that are so far beyond of reach of words. Famine in India does not signify merely that a great many people have insufficient food and must be helped, for that is the normal condition It means that before the season of scarcity has passed literally millions of men, women and little children will perish with the prolonged agonies of starvation, that the dead will cumber the streets of villages, that there will not be enough living to give them burial, that the crows and kites and vultures will not be enough to devour them." Then Mr Russel gives a few outstanding famines with their dates and the tolls of humanity taken by them. They are:—

In the Madras famine of 1833 groups of people died together in the streets; country roads were like vast unprecedented battlefield, strew with dead bodies. Of the 500,000 inhabitants of Guntur, 200,000 starved to death. In Northern Indian famine of 1837 1,000,000 perished, in the same region in 1860 the starvations numbered 200,000. In 1866 one-third of the population of Orissa or about 1,000,000 persons perished. In the Northern Indian famine of 1869 the mortality was 1 200,000. In the Madras famine of 1877 it was more than 5.000,000. In the Northern Indian famine of 1878 it was 1,250.000. In the great famine of 1897, with one exception, the worst that ever visited India, 3.000,000 persons were at one time receiving the Government relief that alone kept them alive.

But all these horrors are superseded by the startling devastation of the black famine that began in the Punjab, Rajputana, the Central Provinces, and Bombay in 1900; and was hardly extinguished for two years.....Yet so great was the calamity that the world's generosity could not stem it. The country was a huge charnel house the people died faster than the bodies could be removed, the towns and villages were often filled with the dead, the very air was poisoned." "That in the heart of civilization in the twentieth century, under a humane, enlightened and Christian Government, 8,000,000 people should perish in a year for lack of food is the strangest and most humiliating fact whereof we have record." "More people died for want of food in India in one year than have perished on all the battlefields of the world in several centuries." "For one hundred years we have been pleased to cry out against excesses of the French Revolution and the Reign of Terror." "It would take 3,500 reigns of terror to kill as many people as died in India in one year for lack of food" Then Mr. Russel has described how each famine was worse than its predecessor and the observes:

"Of these famines are to increase in security and frequency, the question before the world is whether India shall become a chronic charge upon the rest of the mankind, or whether the rest of mankind shall sit by and with stony heart watch this incalculable suffering in the midst of plenty." Then he says about permanent measures to prevent famines like irrigation:—

"On behalf of the Government it is urged that the state of public funds has not allowed more extensive or faster operation of irrigation. I do not well understand that." I find that since 1875 the annual expenditures of the military establishment in India have increased from $40.000.000 to $85.000.000. "To the average man it would seem more important to save lives than to take them." Then he says about railways and at the end observes "To the average man it will seem more desirable to avert famine than to gratify the demands of capital callous and greedy around the world." he says:—

"I find that the Government does not dig irrigation canals for benevolence but with a discerning eye for profits. It makes the farmer pay for the water he gets."

Irrigation The Only Solution

Will the Government, even now—because it is never too late to mend!—realize its responsibility in undertaking some permanent measures like irrigation and try to end this age long rot in the district? It is no use and no permanent solution of the problem, as Mr. Russel rightly observed 39 years ago, along with other things, spend money over unnecessary and unproductive matters and also that when famines begin, in starting the hackneyed measures of stone-breaking and road-making.

Mullas & Money Mobilised Against Congress

Muslim League Electioneering Technique In Frontier Province

(From A Special Correspondent)

LAHORE, Nov. 30: Mullas, money and official antagonism—these three forces have been fully mobilised against the Frontier Congress by the Muslim League. Mr. Jinnah utilised his recent visit to the North-West Frontier Province to contact the Pir of Manki Sharif who, according to the 'Dawn', "prayed for the success of Mr. Jinnah's mission."

The Pathans are intensely religious and it is on this sensative chord of their being that the 'mullas', some of whom have dignified themselves into "Pirs" and "Faqirs", are playing to the disadvantage of the Congress which is represented as an anti-Muslim (not anti-Muslim League) organisation.

AMONG JINNAH'S CANDIDATES

The landed aristocracy called the Khans who have been enormously enriched by the war-boom in agricultural prices and the big contractors who have made immense fortunes have placed their financial resources at the disposal of the Muslim League. They figure prominently on the list of Mr. Jinnah's candidates for the Frontier Assembly.

It may be asked why the Khanate and the wealthy contractors have chosen to join the Muslim League. The answer lies in their belief that they can continue to be loyal to the British if they have an effective voice in the Muslim League. "The Congress is too anti-British to deserve our sympathy." This is the burden of their argument.

Another reason of their deep-seated bias against the Congress is that it is an organisation of the poor and as such it has no right to be in the seat of authority which in the past belonged to the Khans. They must, therefore, regain power and prestige.

A visitor to the Frontier will be struck by the feverish election activity of the Khans and the Khan Bahadurs. The impression one is likely to gather is that they are going to poll tomorrow.

TECHNIQUE OF ELECTIONEERING

Their technique of canvassing public support is to send an agent to a village with half-dozen sheep and many maunds of good quality rice and to invite peasants to a 'play' feast. The entertainment is intended to end in a mass prayer for the success of particular candidate. In this fashion considerable sums of money have already been spent by the Muslim League.

The Khan of Hoti, Nawab Colonel Sir Muhammad Khan, the biggest landlord of the Frontier, presides over the Finance Committee of the Muslim League. It was he who supplied the bulk of "volunteers" for Mr. Jinnah to inspect at Peshawar. They were his tenants.

The Nawab of Tank is another big gun of the Frontier Muslim League. So is Nawab Nasrullah Khan of Dehra Ismail Khan. So is Colonel Sir Hissam-ud-Din. There is not a wealthy or titled Frontier Muslim who is not inimical to the Khan brothers—Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan and Dr. Khan Sahib—for their identification with the Congress.

UNCHALLENGED CHARGES

The Frontier is a province where non-Muslims do not constitute more than eight per cent of the population. Naturally the services are mainly manned by Muslims. They had a good time during the short-lived regime of the Muslim League headed by Sardar Aurangzeb Khan. The charges of corruption against a number of them and the Ministry made by Dr. Khan Sahib openly before returning to Premiership were never challenged. The officials or a large number of them dislike Khan Sahib for being a rude and honest man. They have, therefore, thrown in the weight of their influence on the side of the Muslim League.

A visit to the mud hut near Peshawar of Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan called Badsha Khan by his affectionate followers will convince anyone of the self-imposed poverty in which the spiritual head of the Frontier Congress lives. He is not concerned about who joins the Muslim League. What he is concerned about is to assure that the Congress is a clean body, that if it must seek power it shall not do so for the sake of a few individuals at the top and that its motto shall remain the service of the people irrespective of whether it is in the seat of authority or in the opposition. He is still digging the earth around his hut in Sardaryab. He has made it clear he will not go anywhere to beg votes for the Congress but that at an opportune moment he will tell the people what he feels about the Muslim League.

HANDICAPS TO CONGRESS

The greatest handicap of the Frontier Congress is that it has no money to spend on elections. It is merely banking on the superiority of its programme and its record of service and sacrifice.

Curiously enough the 'pushtu'-speaking districts which may be called a Pathanistan are more in sympathy with the Congress than the districts adjoining the Punjab where even the language of the people is Punjabi spoken with a different accent. The Punjabi-speaking districts are League-minded. Their politics bear a family resemblance to the politics of men like Sir Firoze Khan Noon. Indeed the reaction on these people of Sir Firoze's resignation from the Viceroy's Executive Council was salutary for the Muslim League. They began to say: "if Noon can join the Muslim League it must be backed by the British."

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Sugar Control & Rationing

I have followed the letter with the heading "SUGAR CONTROL AND RATIONING" written by S.R.A. and published in your issue of the 8th November as well as the reply thereto from Mr. Gokhale, the Public Relations Officer (Rationing) appearing in your issue of the 18th November with great interest as a person conversant with the sugar trade.

The plea of Mr. Gokhale that the wholesale sugar traders in Bombay are only allowed a net margin of annas 2/9 per bag instead of Rs. 1/4 as made out by S. R. A. does not tally with facts as known to the sugar trade. Unless there is a mistake either in actual calculation or in case interested parties have purposely supplied to the authorities exaggerated figures for incidental charges, there can be no reason for such a wide disparity between the figure of net margin given by S.R.A and the one stated by Mr. Gokhale. In proof of the foregoing, I would like to give the following scale of expenses and incidentals per Bengali maund, the total of which when added to the factory price will give the correct laying-in price of sugar at Bombay.

Freight	Rs. 1-3-0
Town duty	" 0-6-0
Carting, Clearing and Mucaddam charges	" 0-1-0
Godown Rent	" 0-1-0
Insurance	" 0-0-3
Loss-in-weight allowance	" 0-0-6
Loss of interest on Capital outlay	" 0-1-0
	Rs. 1-12-9

Thus a total of Rs. 1-12-9 when added to the Government ex-factory price of Rs. 16-11-6 gives a correct cost price of Rs. 18-8-3 per Bengali maund and as the wholesale traders are allowed to sell this sugar to rationing shops at Rs. 19-1-3 per B. M. it leaves a net margin of Rs. 0-8-0 equivalent to Rs. 1-8-9 per bag of 2-3/4 maunds.

Hence, I shall like to know on what basis of calculation Mr. Gokhale tries to compute the figure of margin merely at Rs. 0-2-9 per bag. As shown above, even if anyone wants to make allowance for a percentage of say Rs. 0-4-0 per bag to cover possible office expenses the actual margin of profit should yet be Rs. 1-4-9.

There are about a score of sugar merchants through whom about 6 lacs bags are being distributed to the ration shops in Bombay per year and as such these fortunate few become the recipient of a Government guaranteed handsome profit of more than Rs. 7,50,000 every year. If Government cared to invite competitors, this service could have been rendered at much cheaper cost with the advantage going to the consumers.

The fears expressed by Mr. Gokhale against de-controlling sugar do not seem real now that the war is over and situation regarding supply and transport becoming easier day by day. A certain disturbance is bound to take place in any case in the initial stage but Government will have to face it whenever de-control takes place in future but it will only be a temporary phase.

C. L. S.

Indian Soldier's Vote

Considering the short time at my disposal and urgency of the situation I am approaching you on the question of Indian soldier's franchise.

On paper it sounds very well that the Indian soldier's franchise bill has been passed and he will have three days leave at home to register his vote.

In reality, away from home, so many documentary evidences or certified copies of residence property or other relevant qualification limits, not generally known and proof of registration, etc., are being demanded that even an officer feels like giving up attempt after persisting in finding out all the relevant army orders and proformas to be filled in. You can well imagine the chance of an Indian soldier persisting in producing all these evidences of residence property or literacy qualification, timing his application for leave with all proofs, when you know that they draw their monthly pay of 18 rupees or so by putting a maze of thumb impressions.

Virtually franchise has been denied to the Indian soldiers. Excuses are not convincing. Each one of the Indian soldiers was given every chance to make a supreme sacrifice or stand for supreme sacrifice to defend his country and fight for democracy. Each one of the surviving comrades

(Continued In Col. 3.)

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

Without Comment

The Iranian Government expressed a fear that the Kurds were preparing for a revolt along the Iraq border, south of where the Azerbaijanians have already been demanding autonomy.

The Teheran Radio was heard broadcasting an Iranian Government statement that the Kurds were gathering arms and preparing for an uprising.

* * *

Marshal Stalin is said to have vetoed the idea of a meeting of the Big Three.

It was probably because he was busy conferring with the Big One—himself!

* * *

A Nuremburg dispatch says that thousands of feet of motion picture film taken by German cameramen at the height of Nazi power will be introduced as prosecution evidence at the trial.

Will it include the shots of Umbrellaman Neville Chamberlain's visits to the late Fuehrer?

* * *

Sir Oswald Mosley, the British political leader, told a reporter that his political opinions were in no way changed, and that he intended to interest himself in a publishing concern.

His first book is provisionally titled "My Story—Same As Before!"

* * *

LONDON, Dec. 2. (U.P.I.): "The United States' prestige is dwindling in the Southern Asia and peace is lost" is the headline prominently displayed in the "New York Herald Tribune", despatched by Mr. Steele from New Delhi.

—Only Southern?

* * *

Special sections to speed up phases of Japan's reformation have been created by General Douglas MacArthur. To educate the Japanese and promote the Four Freedoms an information section has been opened. 50,000 English dictionaries will be printed by Tokyo Publishing Association for schools, civic leaders, etc.

We should not be surprised if, in due time, these dictionaries are exported to Britain and America!

* * *

Reuters melodramatically announced yesterday: "This is the first uncensored message from the Soviet Union for six years".

It is worthwhile recording here, however, that it was relayed to India via London.

* * *

Tale Of The Day

The book canvasser knocked at the door of Mr. Jones' house.

"Nothing to-day". said Mrs. Jones, firmly.

"But, madam", he insisted, "I have something here that is bound to interest you. The Husband's Friend or Five Hundred Reasons for Staying Out Late".

"What makes you think that book would interest me?" asked Mrs. Jones, angrily.

"Well", said the canvasser, "I sold a copy to your husband on his way to the station this morning".

Bhulabhai Challenges Competence Of Court

Opening Day Surprise In Second I.N.A. Court Martial

RED FORT, DELHI, Dec. 3. (A. P. I.): The General Court Martial presided over by Brigadier Carlappa began today the trial of Captain Burhanuddin.

The charges against "the accused were firstly that at Singapore, at Batu Bhat and elsewhere in Malaya and at Rangoon and at Pyinsha Kala and elsewhere in Burma between September 1942 and May 1945, he waged war against the King and that at Rangoon on or about February 5th 1944, he caused the death of Joga Singh.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Chief Defence Counsel, raised the question of jurisdiction. He stated that the accused is a brother of the Mehtar of Chitral, that the alleged offences were all committed outside British-India and that the court had no power to try the accused for these offences.

As regards the point of fact that the accused is a brother of the Mehtar of Chitral, Mr. Desai presumed that this was not in dispute.

The Crown prosecutor, Major Surita, said that he was not in a position to dispute the fact but he had no record wherein the accused described himself as a brother of Mehtar of Chitral.

The Judge-Advocate suggested that the question whether proof was necessary to establish that the accused is a brother of the Mehtar of Chitral might be left to be decided later and that Mr. Desai would proceed now with his submission on the question of jurisdiction.

Mr. Desai said that apart from the Army Act, a non-British Indian subject was not liable to be tried by any court in British India for an offence committed outside British India. In so far as Section 41 of the Indian Army Act purported to make a law to enable a Court Martial, in British India to try a non-British Indian subject for an offence committed outside British India, it was "ultra vires", as a reading of Section 22 of the Indian Councils Act of 1861 would show.

The definition of the word "Civil Offence" was given in Section 7 Sub-Section (18) of the Indian Army Act as "an offence which, if committed in British India will be triable by a criminal court". Mr. Desai submitted that if the case before the Court Martial were brought before a criminal court in British India, by reason of non-compliance with Section 196 of the Cr. P. C. that criminal court would not try it. Section 196 of the Cr. P. C. laid down that no court should take cognizance of any offence punishable under Chapter VI of the (Indian Army Act) unless a complaint had been made by a Provincial Government.

Mr. Desai submitted that the words "triable by a criminal court" in the Indian Army Act limited the jurisdiction of a Court Martial to offences under Section 121 of the Criminal Procedure Code of which a criminal court in British India was capable of taking cognizance without the requisite sanction under Section 196.

A person who was a native of an Indian State, said Mr. Desai, was not a native Indian subject of His Majesty. He cited a decided Bombay Case in support of this argument. In the precedent cited, a native of Baroda State entered the service of the British Government as a revenue official and his services were lent to Cambay, where he was alleged to have accepted bribe. The Magistrate of Ahmedabad, in whose jurisdiction he was found, convicted him. The Sessions Judge reversed the conviction on the ground that a British Court could not possibly try such a case. On appeal the Bombay High Court, upheld the judgment of the sessions court.

The Bombay High Court judgment declared that no doubt the person concerned was a servant of the Crown subject to punishment under the Indian Penal Code for any offence committed within the limits of British India, but it did not follow that the Magistrate of Ahmedabad, in whose jurisdiction the person was found, could try him for an offence alleged to have been committed in Cambay State.

Mr. Desai also cited a case in which the Lahore Court held that the term "native subject" meant one was a native "de jure" and no, "de facto" and that occasional residence in British territory could not be taken to render a non-British subject a "de jure" native subject.

Summing up, Mr. Desai argued that the main question to be decided was what efficacy Section 41 of the Indian Army Act had in conferring jurisdiction upon this court. Under that very Section Mr. Desai said jurisdiction was limited to cases of civil offence which were triable by a criminal court.

"In other words, you have no larger jurisdiction than a First Class Magistrate of Delhi has. If he has jurisdiction then according to the law you have jurisdiction. If he has none then you have none."

The prosecutor, Major Surita, asked for time till 2-30 in the afternoon to consider and reply to Mr. Desai's points.

The court agreed and adjourned.

When the court reassembled, Major Surita applied for more time to prepare his reply to Mr. Bhulabhai's arguments. Major Surita apologised to the court and to defence counsel and said he had underestimated the nature of his task. He asked for the indulgence of the court till 2-30 tomorrow afternoon.

President: Are you certain you will be ready by that time and won't need further time?

Defence counsel did not object, and the court adjourned till 2-30 to-morrow afternoon.

"Mahabharata" For I.N.A. Fund

When "Mahabharata" - a silhouette dance-drama Nataraj Vashi's creation was first presented by the Indian Dance Guild to crowded audiences at the Madhav Baug, Bombay, it proved an unprecedented success.

But the 'Indag' was not satisfied with this first success. As a result of further experiments it has now been possible to perfect the technique, improve the choreography, enliven the music and redesign the settings and costumes.

The 'Indag' with the Seven Arts is once again presenting this Saga of drama, music and colour in a specially erected theatre at the Gowalia Tank Maidan on December 8th, 9th and 10th at 9 P.M. where 10,000 people can be accommodated at one time.

Admission will be by tickets of Rs. 5/-, 2/8, 1/4 and As. 10, which will be available at the following centres: Congress House, V. J. Patel Road; Royal Opera House, Girgaon; B. X. Furtado & Sons, Jermahal, Dhobi Talao; Indian Dance Guild, 20, Peoples' Building Sir P. M. Road, Seven Arts Centre, Bansilal Mansion, Opera House Tram Terminus etc. The proceeds of the Shows will be given over to the INA Fund.

Tata's Gift For Poona Research Institute

BOMBAY, Dec. 3, (API): The Trustees of the Sir Dorabji Tata Trust have donated a sum of nearly Rs. 20,000 to the Deccan College Post-Graduate and Research Institute, Poona for pre-historic exploration in Gujerat and Western India. With this donation, the institute is organising for the cold season of 1946-47 its fourth expedition to Gujarat on comprehensive lines, and the expedition is to be called the Sir Dorabji Tata Archaeological Expedition.

I. N. A'S BOY BATTALIONS

Released Sub-Officer On How Subhas Bose Directed Operations

POONA, Dec. 3 (API): The Indian National Army withdrew on the Imphal Front for strategic reasons and on account of bad weather and short rations, stated Rajaram Shinde, a sub-officer in the Bahadur Brigade of the I.N.A., who along with seven other I.N.A. men, was released two days ago from an internment camp at Dighi, near Poona. Three of the released personnel are Sikhs and the others are Maharashtrians.

It is stated that about 350 I.N.A. men are interned at this camp since the middle of last month. Nearly 150 of them are Maharashtrians, 50 Muslims, 100 Sikhs and the rest come from South India, Bengal and other parts of India. These men are now being gradually released.

BOSE DEATH STORY DISCREDITED

Shinde and his colleagues spoke with great reverence of their "Netaji" Subhas Chandra Bose and said they did not believe in his death story. "Not even a child of five in the "Bal Sena" of the I.N.A. will believe that story", they observed.

Speaking of Subhas Chandra Bose they described how for days together he would on the front be directing the operations himself. Subhas Bose, they said, used to be in full military dress, with a pistol and a sword, and used to arrive accompanied by his A.D.C.'s and members of the Cabinet. Often he carried his own rations, on his own back, as also did his other officers, sufficient to last for ten days.

Shinde, who held the rank of a naik in the Bombay Sappers and Miners was in the Indian Army for about nine years before he joined the first I.N.A. of Capt. Mohansingh.

BOY BATTALIONS'

He said that the I.N.A. had trained young boys between the ages of five and thirteen to work as messengers and go into the villages and distribute pamphlets of the Independence League of India among villages. These boy battalions were stationed at various places including Rangoon, Bangkok, and Singapore.

The released I.N.A. personnel are receiving necessary help from the Provincial Congress Committee.

TELEGRAMS TO AZAD & NEHRU NOT ACCEPTED

Students' Congress Chief On Calcutta Firing

BOMBAY, Dec. 3. (U.P.I.): A revelation that the Telegraph authorities at Calcutta refused to accept telegrams addressed by the students to the Congress President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Acharya Kripalani, General Secretary of the Congress regarding the Calcutta situation, is made by Mr. Dinker Sakrikar, General Secretary of the All-India Students Congress, in a statement to the Press. A telegram addressed to the Central Office of the A.I.S.C. was also similarly refused.

WISEMANN IN PRAGUE PRISON

Prague, Dec. 3. (Reuter): Harald Wisemann, former Gestapo Chief of Kladno near Prague, who is said to be one of the men responsible for the destruction of Lidice the martyred Czech village, has been brought to a Prague prison. This was announced by the Czech Ministry of Interior.

Hungary To Join United Nations

BUDAPEST, Dec. 3. (Reuter): The Hungarian Prime Minister, Dr. Zoltan Tildy referred to Government's wish to join the United Nations as soon as possible when he presented his Government in the new National Assembly. Amid loud applause, Dr. Tildy promised elimination of corruption and over-zealousness by police and re-establishment of personal and material safety. He said that armed units would accompany trains to guard passengers and goods.

LEAGUE APPEAL TO BOMBAY MUSLIMS

"Work As Zealously For Provincial Election"

BOMBAY, Monday.

Mr. H. A. Sheikh, Honorary Secretary, Bomby Provincial Muslim League presiding over a public meeting at Byculla tonight exhorted the Muslims of Bombay to work as zealously for the Provincial elections as they had worked for the Central.

Nawab Siddiq Ali Khan, Salar-i-Ala of Muslim National Guards said that the contention of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru that co-operation with the Muslim League would be possible only when the League and its leader apologized to the Congress, was a paradon. It was rather for the Congress to apologize to the League for the ills done during its regime of 27 months, he added.

Muslims in the minority provinces he said, could benefit only when Pakistan would be achieved. He felt sure that the Muslims would not succumb to the bait of ministries.

Mr. M. W. Rajab in his speech countered the argument that Pakistan would be financially a bankrupt State.

A sum of Rs. 1,202 was offered by the Muslim residents of Byculla towards the Muslim League election fund.

Speeches were followed by a "Qawalee."

Journalist Outwits Mahatma

Secures Two Autographs Without Making Customary Payment

BOMBAY, Dec. 3 (API): Autograph hounds in Bombay agree with Mahatma Gandhi that this is a hobby of the rich. writes an A.P.I. Correspondent, in an account of some autograph hunters and their victims.

Some of the autograph hounds, however, have succeeded in obtaining the Mahatma's signature without paying the five rupees he asks for the Harijan Fund. One of them is a journalist from Madras, who told Mahatma Gandhi that he was determined to get his autograph without making the customary payment. He offered medicine to the Mahatma, and the latter wrote back to him to say that he was a chronic patient. The journalist replied that he only wanted his autograph and that he got it. Mahatma Gandhi humorously wrote to him that it was a trick played upon him. This note gave him a second autograph!

Bernard Shaw, however, was more cautious when a student (again from Madras) wrote to him asking for a clarification of some statement in his play, "Saint Joan." G. B. S. sent him a type-written note asking whether he thought this was a clever way of obtaining Shaw's autograph. The note bore no signature.

Mahatma Gandhi and Bernard Shaw are perhaps only two celebrities who sign their names only on payment. Shaw is once reported to have had his photograph taken, and the charges were rather high—20 pounds. He wrote out ten cheques of two pounds each, and when the photographer asked him for the reason, he replied: "You can sell these cheques at two and a half pounds each, for I understand that is the value of my autograph. Those who buy autographs will not naturally cash the cheques, thus, you see, both you and I will be gainers."

BIRTHDAY GREETINGS FOR RAJEN BABU

PATNA, Dec. 3 (API): Dr. Rajendra Prasad, who is 61 to-day, was the recipient of numerous birthday greetings from prominent persons all over India, including Mahatma Gandhi, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Mrs. Sarojini Naidu.

Mahatma Gandhi in his greetings says that "Dr. Rajendra Prasad is one of his best colleagues and associates."

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu says: "Rajendra Babu is one of our beloved national leaders. By his sincerity, sacrifice and fearless patriotism, he has long been not only the leader and symbol of Bihar but is among the greatest of those who stood in the front."

MAHATMA TO VISIT MADRAS TEMPLES

MADURA, Dec. 1. (A.P.I.) Mahatma Gandhi who is coming to Madras next month to preside over the silver jubilee celebrations of the Dhakshin Bharat Hindi Prachar Sabha, has, it is understood agreed to visit two famous South Indian temples—the Sri Meenakshi Temple at Madura and the Palani Andavar Temple at Palani in both of which Harijans are allowed to enter and offer worship.

Lid Off Jai Prakash Arrest Mystery

Captured In Fast-Moving Frontier Mail At Point Of Pistol By Punjab C. I. D.

LAHORE, Dec. 3, (A. P. I.): The story of how the Congress Socialist Leader, Mr. Jai Prakash Narain, was arrested at the point of a pistol was told for the first time in some detail by one of the released security prisoners who were in the Lahore Fort when Jai Prakash was there.

Some of these men who were arrested on suspicion of associating with Mr. Jai Prakash Narain have come out of prison after two years' detention.

STORY OF CAPTURE

The security prisoner said that Mr. Jai Prakash Narain was arrested in the fast-speeding Frontier Mail on the morning of September 18, 1943, between Amritsar and Lahore. He was travelling from somewhere in the south to a hill station in northern India.

According to the chronicler, the Punjab C.I.D. got information of Mr. Jai Prakash's journey through the Punjab—probably from Delhi—and made arrangements to take India's Socialist Leader by surprise.

Mr. Jai Prakash had a comfortable night journey all the way till the train reached Amritsar where he took his morning tea. Hardly had he finished his cup when there stepped into his compartment one European and two Sikh C.I.D. Officers, the European being one of the senior-most C.I.D. Officers of the Punjab. All these officers were dressed in plain clothes and Mr. Jai Prakash could hardly suspect them to be his captors. These officers did nothing until the train had left Amritsar.

AT POINT OF PISTOL

When the train was heading toward Lahore, the European C.I.D. Officer caught hold of Jai Prakash at the point of a pistol. The two Sikh officials helped the C.I.D. official in holding up Mr. Jai Prakash who stood surrounded by men pointing pistols at him.

Mr. Jai Prakash Narain was taken off the train at Mognalpura, a suburban railway station of Lahore and removed to the Lahore Fort where he was detained. In the second week of December 1943, he was served with a notice from the Government of India declaring him a State Prisoner.

While in detention, the released security prisoner said, a very high European Official of the Punjab Government and a young Muslim Nawab and a Knight, were allowed to meet Jai Prakash once a week. Then began the interrogation which lasted for an unknown period of time. The State prisoner some time later was allowed to have, at his own cost, copies of the "Tribune" and the "Statesman" but all news about the war in the East, proceedings of the Indian Legislatures and Editorial Notes were clipped off before the papers reached his hands.

JAI PRAKASH MYSTERY

Our Correspondent adds:—

Even though it is now more than two years and two months since the reputed Congress Socialist Leader, Jai Prakash Narayan was arrested yet the circumstances in which he was "captured" by the Punjab Police has remained an unsolved mystery. His arrest, the persons who arrested him as also the place of his arrest also remain a most guarded secret. Jai Prakash carried a reward of Rs. 10,000 "for his head". For various reasons Punjab authorities succeeded in maintaining complete secrecy about Jai Prakash arrest all these long years and even when the Punjab press tried to know the circumstances relating to his captivity, the Punjab authorities persistently refused to divulge any news excepting that "he was arrested in the Punjab". The mystery has, however, been partly solved by one of Punjab's security prisoners who was recently released after about two years' detention. He was arrested on suspicion of his association with Jai Prakash. This security prisoner was detained in the Lahore Fort at the same time when Jai Prakash was there.

521 Vote For Nationalisation Of French Banks

Proposals Carried Out By Overwhelming Majority

PARIS, Dec. 3. (Reuter): General Charles de Gaulle as the head of the French Government, has pledged it to apply the new law nationalising the Bank of France and four big deposit banks with determination to secure maximum results, reports Harold King, Reuter's Correspondent.

Voting in the new French national constituent assembly was overwhelmingly in favour of the nationalisation proposals—521 for, compared with 35 against—and it was determined at the same time to set up a National Council of Credit to govern the general credit and investment policy of the country.

Attempts to persuade the Government to include two more important banks in its nationalisation scheme were dropped on promise of more stringent Government supervision of the so-called business banks that the bill provided.

Two main changes were firstly: The assembly agreed to fix a maximum rate of two per cent instead of three per cent interest on bonds to be given to shareholders of the Bank of France.

Fr. Govt. Takes Charge Of Four Banks

PARIS, Dec. 3 (Reuter). Ben. de Gaulle's Government today took charge of four big deposit banks only a few hours after the French National Assembly had passed the Banks Nationalisation Bill. Under the new law the banks will become State property on January 1, 1946.

INDIA IMPORTS MORE EXPERTS

Plan To Tighten Up Tax Machinery

(From Our Correspondent).

NEW DELHI, Dec. 1.—The British Income-tax expert Mr. Airy who has been appointed to the Central Board of Revenues in connection with excess profits tax has arrived here and taken up his duties. His principal work will be to tighten up the tax machinery and cement tax evasions.

Town-planner Harkness is arriving here next week from London. He has been engaged by the Government of India in connection with town-planning of New Delhi. He will be assisted by three architects who also have been engaged on short term basis.

New Delhi has greatly expanded during five years of war. Almost all building space in New Delhi has been already occupied. The first question is of expansion of New Delhi. Secondly the planners will advise where to locate the new Government Building needed for the expanded Secretariat.

CO-OPERATIVE PLANNING

The Co-operative Planning Committee appointed by Government of India's Agricultural Department has submitted its report which 'inter alia' suggests establishment of Co-operative Research Institute, starting of Provincial Co-operative Councils, stepping up agricultural production and dairy farming on co-operative basis and building up of co-operative marketing and credit societies.

Promotion of cottage industries on Co-operative Line industrial and insurance co-operation and training in co-operative movement cover some other recommendations.

Italian Crisis Persists

ROME, Dec. 2 (Reuter).—Signor Alcide de Gasperi, leader of the Christian Democratic Party, tonight summoned the leaders of Italy's six parties for a conference to attempt to save the projected new six-party coalition Cabinet.

The clash of Liberals and Socialists over the allocation of the Portfolio of Interior held up solution of Italy's Government crisis today.

There is much speculation here tonight as to whether, if the Liberals refuse to co-operate, two ex-Premiers Signor Orlando and Signor Bonomi will agree to enter the Government independently.

SOVIETS TAKE FIRM STAND ON TRUSTEESHIP ISSUE

Fierce Controversy Expected At Preparatory Commission This Week

LONDON, Dec. 2. (Reuter): A fierce controversy may break out in the United Nations Preparatory Commission during the coming week over the trusteeship issue.

When the Trusteeship Technical Committee—one of the eight technical committees set up by the United Nations Preparatory Commission—met on Saturday, only two speeches were permitted on the Yugoslav proposal submitted on Friday, but both indicated troubled waters ahead, reports 'Reuter'.

In an attempt to end the difficulty which has arisen over the setting up of a temporary Trusteeship Committee pending the establishment of the Trusteeship Council as provided for in the United Nations Charter, the Yugoslav delegation had proposed the establishment of an 'ad hoc' committee of the General Assembly instead of the temporary Trusteeship Committee recommended by the Executive Committee of the Preparatory Commission.

RUSSIA HAS STRONG VIEWS.

Reuter's diplomatic correspondent writes that many senior delegates including M. Andre Gromyko for the Soviet and Dr. Wellington Koo for China, were present when the Ukrainian delegate, Professor Manuilsky, spoke in support of the Yugoslav plan for an 'ad hoc' committee to supervise the transfer of mandated territories to trusteeship.

The professor made it clear that Ukrainians attach supreme importance to the letter of the San Francisco Charter which does not specifically allow for a temporary trusteeship organ. He affirmed that failure to adhere strictly to the Charter might jeopardise the very existence of the U.N.O.

There is no doubt that this is also the view of the Soviet delegation which has consistently opposed the creation of a temporary trusteeship body.

On the other hand the Australian delegate drew attention to the serious practical difficulty in the way of adoption of the Yugoslav proposal. He maintained that advice on draft resolutions and agreements could only be tendered by an 'ad hoc' committee, while the General Assembly was in session whereas the temporary trusteeship committee could sit continuously.

HERE AND NOW.

In view of the Australian delegation there was every reason to doubt whether transfer of mandated territories to trusteeship can be effected during the session of the Assembly.

If it is not completed in this time and if the work is supervised by an 'ad hoc' committee it will be interrupted when the Assembly rises and the second half of the first session is not due before May or June next year.

The coming week will see this controversial question being hammered out by the Trusteeship Technical Committee and if genuine practical difficulties in the Yugoslav proposal are found to exist, there are some vigorous debates ahead.

So far most of the business of the other technical committees, including the Economic and Social Committee under Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar, has been of a procedural and largely non-controversial nature.

STATEMENT ON INDIA IN PARLIAMENT

LONDON, Dec. 3 (Reuter): The British Government's policy in India will be stated in both Houses of Parliament to-morrow afternoon by the Secretary of State for India, Lord Pethick-Lawrence, and the Lord President of the Council, Mr. Herbert Morrison, respectively, says E. Fraser Wighton, Reuter's Political Correspondent.

It is likely that the announcement will be made in the Lords at 14-30 G.M.T. (8 p.m. I.S.T.) and in the Commons at 15-15 G.M.T.

The announcement is expected to be more a restatement of policy than a statement of new policy.

There is no suggestion that there will be a debate on India in either Houses of Parliament to-morrow, but questions may be asked and if there is any evidence of a general desire for debate on the announcement, Government will, doubtless give this sympathetic consideration.

Spanish Royalists Get Busy

MADRID Dec. 3 (Reuter). Demonstrations in favour of monarchy are reported from Valencia and Pamplona.

At Pamplona, the stronghold of the Carlists and the capital of Navarre, about 1,000 red-bereted royalist supporters of Prince Xavier of Bourbon Parma today paraded the main square on the religious feast of St. Francis Xavier. They belong to a section of the Traditionalists' Party, under the leadership of Senor Manuel Fal Conde which refuses to accept the pretender, Don Juan, as the future Spanish King.

A similar demonstration held yesterday in Valencia was peacefully dissolved by the police.

Cases Red & Green

How Nazis Planned Attack On England And France If They Supported Czechs

NUREMBERG, Dec. 3 (Reuter):—Among 70 secret Nazi documents produced to-day at the international war crimes trial were reports showing that the German General Staff had completed by September 1938 target maps of London and the Hull docks, Britain's food and oil supply systems and the British network of air fields, cables Reuter's Special Correspondent.

A General Staff report dated August 25, 1938 ordered that tactical target maps of London and Hull should be issued to the German Command authorities before the end of September.

"CASE RED"

Deputy United States Prosecutor, Mr. Sidney Alderman, said that the Germans had prepared a special battle plan—"Case Red"—in 1938 to be put into operation if Britain and France declared war in support of Czechoslovakia.

The General Staff report listed points in France as number one priority target and added "following this task, the food supply of Great Britain, notably London, could be attacked but only if strong forces are available due to the strength of the London defences.

Presenting a documented story of the German conquest of Czechoslovakia, Mr. Alderman said that by the middle of April 1938 aggression against Czechoslovakia had reached the stage of practical planning, although the German leaders, bent on the destruction of the republic, were bound under the Locarno Agreement to respect its sovereignty.

"CYNICAL ASSURANCES"

Mr. Alderman unfolded the story of cynical German assurances given at the time of the annexation of Austria to the Czechoslovak Ambassador in Berlin in which he declared that Germany had no hostile intentions towards Czechoslovakia. Goering gave these assurances, Mr. Alderman said, and to show his sincerity went to the extent of telling the Ambassador: "I give you my word of honour."

"CASE GREEN"

The attack on Czechoslovakia, prepared in "Case Green" provided for the possibility of a war on two fronts —"with the main effort in the South East."

On June 18 Hitler, in a directive issued through Keitel, declared that his immediate aim was the solution of the Czech problem, but added this cautious note: "I will, however, decide to take action only if I am firmly convinced—as in the case of the reoccupation of the demilitarised zone and of Austria—that France will not march and that England, therefore, will not intervene."

Indian Waiter Jailed

LONDON, Dec. 3 (Reuter): Twenty-seven-year-old Indian waiter, Mohamed Akhali Mazumdar was found guilty at the Old Bailey today and sentenced 18 months' imprisonment on charge of having committed serious offence against a 15-year-old Welsh girl.

Mazumdar said that he was an Indian priest because of his marriage and understanding of the Koran and that he "married" himself to girl Phyllis Burke of Taylorstown, Glamorgan, according to the Moslem faith in a London suburban house.

More Hajis on Way To India

NEW DELHI December 3. (API): Pilgrim ship Akbar left Jedda on November 29, and is expected to reach Karachi on December 9, says a Press and Delhi.

BRITISH CRUISER SHELLS SEMARANG

Indonesians Set Fire To European Houses At Bandoeng

BATAVIA, Dec. 3 (APA): Indonesian factionists in a raid held last night at Bandoeng, set fire to European houses and kidnapped four Europeans, one of whom was reported to have escaped, it was announced today.

A Dutch report that four of their seamen were killed in Batavia when a grenade was thrown into their truck has not been given official verification, and is believed to be one of the many wild rumours circulating in this area.

North of Tjibadak, planes broke up an attack by a strong Indonesian force on an Indian company. Two Indians were wounded.

The British cruiser "Essex" shelled the Semarang area where Indonesian units are believed to be gathering. British tanks entered Waroe in an attempt to neutralize enemy artillery which might shell the seaport of Sourabaya, ten miles away.

Reuter adds: Thirty miles inland, at Ambarawa, Indonesian guns which had been shelling the internment camp, have now been silent for 48 hours after several precision air strikes by 'Thunderbolts' and 'Mosquitoes.'

According to the Netherlands News Agency, 250 Ambonese women and children left Batavia to-day in the Dutch light cruiser "Van Heemskerck" for their home island of Amboina in the Moluccas, east of Java.

Airchief Marshall, Sir Keith Park, Allied Air Commander in Chief of South-East Asia Command, arrived in Batavia to-day.

BRITAIN SEEKS DUTCH GOVERNMENT'S VIEWS

The British Ambassador at the Hague has been instructed to seek the Dutch Government's view on the whole problem of evacuation of women, children, aged and sick people from Java, said the Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, Mr. Hector McNeil, in the Commons to-day.

French Break Through Viet Minh Defences

SAIGON, December 3. (Reuter): French troops have broken through Viet Minth defences North West of Nhatrang inflicting heavy casualties on the extremists says an Anglo-French 'communique' today.

The area occupied has been cleared, it adds.

CEYLON MUSLIMS TO ACCEPT WHITE PAPER PROPOSALS

COLOMBO, December 2 (A. P. I.): Pledging full support for acceptance of the White Paper proposals the Ceylon Muslim League representing 400,000 Muslims this afternoon declared that "Ceylon being ripe for full Dominion Status steps should be taken to secure such a status without further delay" "the Ceylon Muslim League always stood for freedom of the country" declared Mr. S. H. Aboobooker in the course of his presidential address.

He added he was making this statement to placate the majority community and asserted that Muslims had never been obstructionists.

The meeting also passed a resolution unanimously supporting the Pakistan demand of the All India Muslim League.

State Temple Thrown Open To Harijans

ALLAHABAD, December 3. (API): An announcement that the State temple Ram mandir in Maihar State (Central India) was thrown open with immediate effect to the Harijans of the State was made by His Highness the Raja of Maihar state at a Darbar held yesterday.

Making the announcement, His Highness observed that Varnasrama did not mean that high caste people should look with contempt on those who belonged to a low caste.

His Highness exhorted the Hindus to invite Muslims on the occasion of their festivals and Vice Versa.

His Highness also said that facilities had been provided by the State for the education of Harijan children and urged the Harijans to take the fullest advantage of them.

Military Personnel To Burma Shell Rescue

BOMBAY Dec. 3 (API): The assistance of military personnel, mostly drivers has been sought by the management of the Burma Shell Company, Bombay to help the latter to carry on the work of distribution of oil to the city and suburbs in the absence of the regular staff of the company, who are on strike since November 29.

The 1,700 strikers have refused to resume work pending the settlement of the question regarding their demand for a Victory Bonus.

Belur Strike Called Off

CALCUTTA Dec 3. (API.) The six-week-old strike of workers of the National and Iron Steel Company's workshops at Belur has been called off, the Dispute having been referred to adjudication.

Story Of Four Americans Killed Contradicted

CALCUTTA, Dec. 3 (API.) Brig-Gen. Neyland, Commander, U. S. Army Base Section H. Q. in Calcutta has denied the report published in some newspapers that an American major and three enlisted men were killed at Karnani estates, Calcutta, during the recent disturbances in the city.

BENARES, Dec. 3 (API.) Dr. D. N. Mukherjee, Mayor of Calcutta, unveiled and presented a portrait of Pandit Madon Mohan Malaviya on behalf of the Calcutta Art Society to Sir S. Radhakrishnan, Vice-Chancellor of the Benares Hindu University. Pandit Malaviya was present throughout the function.

Note. The Haji pilgrims in this ship Viet Minh defences North West of belong mostly to the Punjab the N. F.

SHANTUNG THREATENED WITH 4-PRONGED ASSAULT

200,000 Communist Troops Getting Ready For Major Offensive

CHUNGKING, Dec. 3. (Reuter): Communist troops are dynamiting rolling stock on the Peiping-Mukden and the Peiping-Kankow Railways, the Government controlled Central News Agency said tonight.

The Agency also reported that 200,000 Communist troops were getting ready to launch a four-the Yellow Sea from the Province in East China, bordering on the Yellow sea from the Provinces of Kiangsu Anhwei and Honan which surround Shantung in south-east south and west.

The statement that Communist forces in China had grown from 60,000 to several million in numerical strength was made today by Army Journal of the Central Government forces.

The Army newspaper in a leading article asserted that Communists were primarily interested in seizing territory from the National Army "with the ultimate motive of splitting the country in two".

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

(Established: December, 1911)

HEAD OFFICE:
Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	Rs.	5,25,00,000
ISSUED CAPITAL	Rs.	5,04,39,600
PAID UP CAPITAL	Rs.	2,51,18,900
RESERVE & OTHER FUNDS	Rs.	2,56,09,300
DEPOSITS AS AT 30-6-45	Rs.	97,36,66,000

Over 300 Branches and Pay-Offices throughout India.

DIRECTORS

Sir Homi Mody, K.B.E., Chairman,
Haridas Madhavdas, Esquire,
Dinshaw D. Romer, Esquire.
Vithaldas Kanji, Esquire,
Noormahomed M. Chinoy, Esquire,
Bapooji Dadabhoy Lam, Esquire,
Dharamsey Mulraj Khatau, Esquire,
H. F. Commissariat, Esquire,
C. H. Bhabha, Esquire,

LONDON AGENTS:
Messrs. Barclay's Bank, Ltd.
Messrs. Midland Bank, Ltd.

NEW YORK AGENTS:
Messrs. The Guaranty-Trust Co., of New York.

Banking business of every description transacted on terms which may be ascertained on application.

H. C. CAPTAIN,
Managing Director.

YOUR Annual directions FOR 1946

BASED ON YOUR BIRTH SIGN, YOUR READING GIVES MONTHLY & WEEKLY FORECASTS WITH ACTUAL EVENTS AND EXACT DATES ON YOUR...

PROFESSION FINANCE HEALTH HOME LOVE MARRIAGE TRAVELS LUCKY DAYS NUMBERS COLOURS STONES ETC.

16 PAGES

WITH MOONTABLE GUIDE FOR EVERY DAY OF 1946 NEATLY PRINTED PRICE Rs. 3/- ONLY BY M. O. OR V. P.

SEND YOUR BIRTH-DATE TO.

Prof. SEKHAR
The Great Mesmerist & Zamindar
ELLORE

"IMPERIALISTIC MANOEUVRE"

"Pravda" Attacks Hurley

LONDON Dec. 1, (Reuter): The Moscow Radio announces that the "Pravda" to-day charged Major-General Patrick Hurley, the former U. S. Ambassador to China, with being the "Mouthpiece of imperialistic elements in the United States"

These elements, the radio added were seeking to establish undivided United States domination in Asia and other parts of the world. "General Hurley's resignation and statement is an original manoeuvre of the most imperialistic circles who under the cover of criticism of professional diplomats, not only defend imperialist policy, but also try to press it upon the leadership of the United States", the radio said.

WHEN REDS QUIT MANCHURIA

CHUNGKING, Dec. 1 (Reuter): The Central News said to-night: "It is learned from official quarters here that as a result of the recent negotiations between the Chinese and the Soviet Governments an agreement has been reached to the effect that the withdrawal of Soviet forces from Manchuria will be completed on January 3, instead of December 3 as originally agreed upon.

"It is also learned that this change is intended to enable Chinese personnel to be dispatched to take over the administration of the north-eastern provinces and to enable the Chinese Government troops to reach north-east.

"By the terms of this new agreement there is likely to be complications arising from the fact that many of the strategic towns and ports are held by the Communists."

COMMUNISTS ATTACK

A.P.A. adds: The Chinese Communists opened a new attack against Kweisui, beleagured capital of the Inner Mongolian province of Suiyan, a Chinese dispatch said last night. The attack was opened with artillery bombardment.

Opposition Motion Against Labour Govt.

LONDON, Dec. 3. (Reuter): The Socialist Government will face the most serious challenge next Wednesday and Thursday when the opposition motion of censure is debated, says the "Daily Mail" in a leading article today.

Both the Conservative Mail and Daily Telegraph single out the Lord President of the Council, Mr. Herbert Morrison, for bitter criticism in their articles referring to the coming Government test.

Defending the Government, the Labour "Daily Herald" asks: "What is the case produced against Government in so far as can be called a case and not merely outraged clamour of disappointed politicians?

Five Sentenced To Death

Sensational Malaya War Crimes Trial Ends

SINGAPORE Dec. 1, (A.P.A.): The first sensational war crimes trial in Malaya ended today with the death sentence passed on five Japanese-enrolled police personnel in the Superior Court at Ipoh, Capital of Perak State.

Found guilty on charges of participation in the mass murder of political prisoners last August were one Malay Sub-Inspector of police and four Chinese detectives. A fifth accused was discharged.

The prosecution had declared that after the order had been given to release them, 22 Chinese political prisoners were taken from the police station at Kampar town and forced into prepared graves with their hands tied behind their backs. The prisoners were then shot to death.

MAHATMA FULE ANNIVERSARY AT BHIWANDI

BHIWANDI, (By Mail).

A large gathering of agriculturists co-operators and other respectable citizens of Bhiwandi attended the celebration of Mahatma Fule anniversary held under the presidentship of Mr. Kunte, retired Deputy Collector of Bhiwandi.

Speeches eulogizing late Mahatma Fule were delivered and tributes wert paid to his memory.

It was resolved at this meeting that a building for the use of peasants should be erected at Bhiwandi by public contribution to commemorate Fule's memory and a committee of five persons with Mr. G. G. Dhandekar as Chairman was formed.

ADDRESS TO CHRISTIANS: To-day (Sunday), 11 a.m., I. L. I. Hall, Dabul. Address to Christians by Sjt. B. S Gilani.

(Left) Dr. Khan Sahib, Quazi Attaullah Minister for Education, Salar Azam, (Red Shirts) and Khan Ashik Badshah a prominent Red Shirt leader are seen chatting. (Right) picture shows Quazi Attaullah and Mian Jaffer Shah M.L.A. Chief Parliamentary Secretary of Dr. Khan Sahib.

Khan Mohamad Amin Jan Khan, Salar Azam, Red Shirts Forces (a Congress nominee for N. W. F. Province Assembly from Daud Azai) and Khan Bachhe Khan,

Why These Rush Tactics?

GOVT. MUST DO JUSTICE TO HARIJAN VOTERS

Postpone Elections Or Amend Rules Of Procedure, Demands B. P. C. C. Secretary

Mr. S. K. Patil, General Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, has issued the following press statement in regard to the primary elections in the special Harijan Constituencies of the Bombay Legislative Assembly:—

The Government of Bombay have, during last week, issued two press notes on the subjects of the electoral rolls and the Primary elections for the seats in the Bombay Legislative Assembly reserved for the Scheduled Castes. These Press Notes and particularly the policy underlying them have created a most intriguing situation. It is impossible to accept, without protest the Government Press Notes as the last word on the subject which so vitally affects the interests of millions of Harijans in this Province. If Government enforce their decision in utter disregard of the opinion of those who are affected by it, it will be an act of wanton injustice towards a class of society whose interests Government always profess to safeguard.

PERTINENT QUESTIONS

There are several pertinent questions which arise when we consider these primary elections in the Harijan constituencies. The memories of the Communal Award and Yerawda Pact that followed need not be recalled at this stage. It must, however, be pointed out that one of the terms of the Yerawda Agreement was:

"The system of primary election to panel of candidates for election to the Central and Provincial Legislatures shall come to an end after the first ten years, unless terminated sooner by mutual agreement."

As it is, the period of ten years has elapsed since the system of primary election was first introduced. One would like to know when the Government would give effect to this specific demand of the Yerawda Pact which was subsequently accepted by the British Government.

The Bombay Government have taken the Harijans of this Province by surprise by suddenly notifying the date for the primary election and also the date for nominations. The surprise is all the greater because only a few months back the Government of Bombay had by its own notification agreed to the revision of the electoral rolls, including those for these special Harijan Constituencies. If the Government wanted to rush the primary elections in the manner they propose to do now, it was their obvious duty to make a specific declaration to that effect in September last when the revision of rolls was allowed.

GOING BACK ON THEIR DECISION

I maintain that the Government of Bombay are committed by their declaration regarding the general revision of the electoral rolls and they cannot now either for reason of policy or expediency go back on that decision. Harijans, like others taking fullest advantage of the opportunity of revising the rolls, have submitted thousands of new names within the stipulated time to be enlisted in the final electoral rolls. These rolls are notified to be provisionally published on December 3, 1945, and finally published on 21st January 1946 after giving opportunity for further amendments. The Harijan voters are entitled to the same rights and privileges in regard to these rolls as any other voter in the Province. The latest decision of the Government seeks to deprive them of this right.

The Government have fixed 11th of this month as the date for receiving nominations for primary elections and 3rd January as the date for the poll. The Government Press Note on the subject says that the primary elections of the reserved seats for the Scheduled Castes have to be completed on January 3rd, 1946. One fails to understand the reason and the motive of Government's policy of rushing these elections in such indecent haste. It appears that for some reasons unknown to the public the Government had to come to a sudden decision of completing these elections before January 3. If it were so and if January 3 was the date contemplated from the beginning, it was the plain duty of the Government to announce their intention in good time.

GOVERNMENT MUST EXPLAIN

As it is, the Government do owe an explanation both to the Harijan voters and the people of this Province. By way of a concession the Government in their Press Note have pointed out that "any candidate or voter in the primary election who desires to surmount this apparent difficulty can do so by making an application under Rule 25 (1) of the Electoral Rules." This rule, in effect, means that any eligible voter who has been left out of the rolls has to apply to the Governor for his name being taken on the rolls and along with his application must pay a fee of Rs. 10. One can understand how impossible it is to take advantage of this so-called concession at such a heavy cost and within such a short time.

Under the circumstances created by this sudden decision of Government, the primary elections will have to be carried out on the rolls prepared by Government in 1941. Several thousands of new voters who have been enlisted between September 7 and October 22nd will have to simply go without representation at these primary elections. This is unfair and unjust in the extreme and one can legitimately accuse the Government of bad faith since they failed to honour their own commitment regarding the revision of electoral rolls.

B. P. C. C. PROTESTS

On behalf of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, I have to strongly protest against the rush tactics employed by Government in the matter of primary elections for the reserved Schduled Castes' seats. Even now it is not too late for Government to revise their decision and do reasonable justice to these people. If there is no explainable sanctity about January 3rd, which is the date for these elections, the Government can postpone these elections to a date in February next and allow the newly enlisted voters to take part in them. If this cannot be done for any reasons about which the Government can convince the public, the least that is expected of the Governor of this Province is to amend one or two rules of procedure which he is competent to do "in his individual discretion"—and allow all the fresh voters enrolled up to 22nd October as if they were voters enrolled under the second proviso to Rule 25 (1) of the Electoral Rules. There is not the slightest difficulty in accepting this suggestion. Justice and good faith alike demand that the Government of Bombay must revise their decision and the public of this Province expects them to do so.

SHYAMA PRASAD ADVISED REST

Another Mahasabha Candidate, Also Bed-ridden

CALCUTTA, Dec. 3. (A.P.I.): Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookerjee, President of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, who is a candidate from the Calcutta Urban Constituency to the Central Legislative Assembly, has been advised by Dr. B. C. Roy and his two other doctors, to withdraw from all activities involving strain, as otherwise irreparable damage may be caused to his health. There is speculation as to how this will affect Dr. Mookerjee's candidature.

Dr. Mookerjee's Congress opponent is Mr. Nagendranath Mukhopadhyaya.

Mr. Sanat Kumar Roy Chaudhury, the Hindu Mahasabha Candidate from the Calcutta Urban Constituency, has also been bed-ridden for about two weeks. He is contesting against Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose. In an appeal to his supporters, Mr. Roy Chaudhury says that he has not been able to approach them individually and the time is too short to set up an organisation for canvassing and arrange for polling. It is for them, the electors, to decide whether the Hindu-Mahasabha should be crushed.

Wanted U. P. Congressman Arrested

BOMBAY, Monday.

Branmodevsingh Mathurasingh a well-known Congressman from U. P. who was wanted by the police for arson and violence in the 1942 movement was arrested in the city to-day by the Kalachowki police.

Gaffar Khan Leaves For Calcutta

PESHAWAR, Dec. 3, (A. P. I.): Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, Member of the All-India Congress Working Committee, left for Delhi 'en route' to Calcutta by the Bombay Express this morning. After staying for a day at Delhi he will phoceed to Calcutta to attend the meeting of the All India Congress Working Committee.

Nationalist Harijan Leader's Appeal Regarding Electoral Roll Rules

Dr. N. S. Kajrolkar, Nationalist Harijan Leader of Bombay, has issued the following statement to the press:—

Government of Bombay have issued a press note stating that Primary Elections by Scheduled Caste voters of four candidates for each seat reserved for them in the Bombay Legislative Assembly must be completed by January 3, 1946.

The press note asks such members of the Scheduled Castes, whose names may not be found in the electoral roll published on the basis of the financial year 1940-41, to apply for being enrolled under Rule 25 of the "Bombay Electoral Roll" Rules. This part of the press note is bound to cause a serious hardship to thousands of qualified Harijans. During the period prescribed by the Governor i.e. to say prior to 22nd October 1945, several thousand applications from Harijans for enrolment have been forwarded to the Registering Authorities all over the Province, and the amendments to be published on December 3 are based on these applications.

The press note, now issued, compels the same applicants to repeat the process and the period for the process is extremely short inasmuch as the date fixed for nominations is December 11. The necessity for repeating the thousands of applications arises out of a strict interpretation of Rule 27 and operates to the disadvantage of thousands of voters. When the Governor amended Rule 25 so as to enable him "suo moto" order the revision of the roll, his attention should also have been drawn to the hardship likely to be caused by the literal enforcement of Rule 27. It is not a practicable course for all these applicants to submit their applications again. The proper, the fair and the convenient course is suitably to amend Rule 27, so that the voters included in the Electoral Roll as published for the first time i.e. on December 3, 1945, should be entitled to exercise their votes at the Primary Elections. For the Scheduled Castes the primary elections are of primary importance. To deprive thousands of voters of the right of vote at this critical election on a purely technical ground is defeating the promise made by His Majesty's Prime Minister in his broad cast of September 19. He promised that the Rolls would be revised.

What is the use of the revision if the voters brought on the revised roll are precluded from voting at the Primary Elections? I hope His Excellency Sir John Colville will look into this matter personally and will do justice.

Read What a Sessions Judge Writes For Prof. Bopara

Prof. Bopara met me after 10 years and I found his predictions alright and what he has told almost proved correct. He possesses good psychic power, I recommend him to all.

Forewarned is Forearmed

SERVICE TO HUMANITY IS SERVING GOD

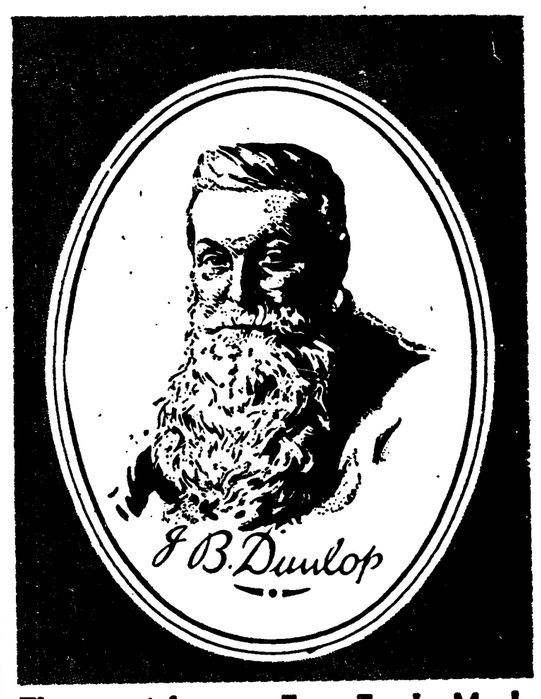
WHO SAYS THAT FUTURE DOES NOT COME OUT TRUE? WHY WORRY FOR FUTURE? CONSULT PROF. BOPARA SCIENTIFIC PALMIST possessing YOGIC Power. Charges moderate. Trial Solicited.

Prof. M. B. BOPARA,
People's Bldg., 1st Floor Room No. 10 off Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
Time: 9 A.M. to 6 P.M.

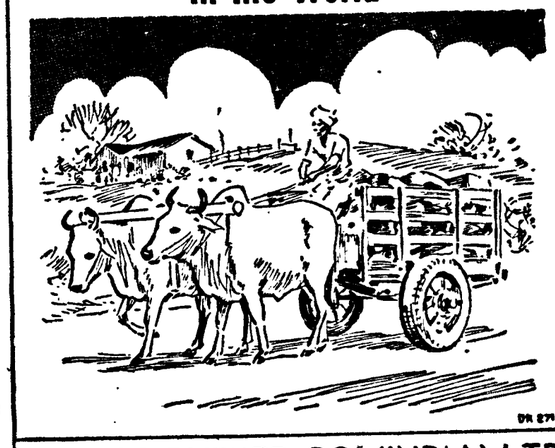
Preparing for POST-WAR TRAVEL

MORE comfortable journeys and better conditions of travel!—What the war-weary public naturally expect and the railways are planning for. Indian Railways' post-war plans envisage re-conditioning of the existing rolling stock, more locomotives, more comfortable carriages, faster trains, better catering and sanitary arrangements and several other measures calculated to provide improved travel amenities to the public.

GIP



The most famous Tyre Trade Mark in the World



DUNLOP RUBBER CO. (INDIA) LTD.

ALEMBIC • ALEMBIC • ALEMBIC • ALEMBIC • ALEMBIC • ALEMBIC

ENEMY NO. 1 OF COUGH

GLYCODIN-TERP-VASAKA

Soothes and helps Cure Cough

ALEMBIC CHEMICAL WORKS CO., LTD. BARODA.

ALEMBIC • ALEMBIC • ALEMBIC • ALEMBIC • ALEMBIC • ALEMBIC

Early Spurt Attracts Realising On Stock Exchange

BULLION MARKET CONTINUES UPWARD MARCH

Cotton Prices Record Rapid Movement Under Unloading And Covering

Bombay, Dec. 3.

The local Share Bazar was very active with a broad business and Steel shares were pushed up to a new high level. Tata Steel Dfd. shares opened at Rs. 2610 and declined to Rs. 2595 but firmed up to Rs. 2625 under heavy short covering and steadied at Rs. 2605. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 473 and were placed at Rs. 474. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 2150 and hardened to Rs. 2160. Kohinoor Mill shares opened at Rs. 657 and after touching Rs. 655, steadied at Rs. 656. Swadeshi Mill shares opened at Rs. 630 and advanced to Rs. 650 most of the favourite shares registered sharp gains. The market is highly speculative and needs extreme caution in following the rise at the movement. However buyers rely on higher dividends based on expected relief in the Excess Profit Tax but often the markets discount prospective situation much earlier and to some extent this factor is discounted, moreover the technical position is not sound as a result of heavy long interest.

AFTERNOON SESSION

The afternoon session induced increased long liquidation and a portion of the earlier gains was wiped off. Tata Steel Dfds declined at Rs. 2580. Ordinary at Rs. 468 Bombay Dyeings Rs. 2160. Kohinoor at Rs. 651 and Swadeshi at Rs 638. The market is subject to wide fluctuations.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing XD 2170 Century 915 Nagpur XD 427 Swadeshi 642 New Great 431/8 Simplex 333/8 Kohinoor 657/8 Colaba 257 Gokak 324 Phoenix 768/12 Mysore 291/4 Indian Bleaching 211/8 Swan 356/8 Finlay 325 Morarjee 790 Indore 787/8 Edward Sassoon 772/8

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord XD 474 Steel Dfds XD 2605

ELECTRIC

Tata Hydro 216/8 Andhra XD 1837/8 Tata Power XD 1965 Tram Ord 154

CEMENT

Associated Merger 238/8

INDUSTRIES

Burma 542/8 Alcock 458/12 Bellapur 241 Shivrajpur 63 Steamer Ord 637/8 Scindia 39/8 Construction 227

CASH SECTION

MILLS: Apollo 4/12/6 Elphinstone 89/8 I U Ord 16/15 Defd 3/5/9 Indian Mfg 3580 Kurla 290 Khatau 343/12 Dawn 1225 David 1280 New City 420 Minerva 242/8 Bradbury 420 Bharucha Dfds 11/8 Bharat 70 Madhavji 26/8 Model 270 Laxmi Cotton XD 1520 Vishnu Cotton XD 535 Western 3595 Standard 505 Sholapur 6850 Sassoon Cotton 24/8 Hindustan 3700 Meyer Sassoon 216/4 Tata Mills 76/4 Ahd. Advance 420 Sassoon Silk 85/8 New Union 26/4 Poddar 360 Madhusudan 503/12 New 92 Shri Nivas 406/4 Raja Bahadur Poona XD 132/8 Berar 325

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 208/12 New 170 Surat 262/8 Surat New Premium 132/8 Karachi 237/8 Broach 12/12 Ajmer 14/9 Amalgamated 18/14/6 Jalgaon 11/9 Nagpur 51 Poona 285 Bombay Suburban 245 New Premium 100

BANKS

Reserve 160 Imperial 2445 P P 595 Central 97/8 India 227/8 Union 11/4 Baroda 166/8 Habib 84/8 International 50 A B C 44 Dena Bank 65 United 91 Jaipur 74 Hindustan 57 National Savings F P 72 P P 40 Mysore 383 Exchange 58 Eastern 106

INSURANCE

Oriental 6775 Empire 1232/8 New India 91/4 Jupiter 38 Vulcan 19/6 Indian Mercantile 71 Universal 15/6 Vasant 25/6 Br. I. Gen. 30 Ind. Prud 51/8 Neptune 11/8

RAILWAYS

Ah. Prantij 707/8 G.P. 111 Mymensing Reb 116/4 Guaranteed 115 Mandra Bhon 110/8 Sara Sirajganj 116/4 Sialkot 117/8 New 54 Pachora 92/8 Hoshiarpur 117/6

MISCELLANEOUS

Burma New 187/8 Burma Petrol 5/9/6 Tata Oil 84/4 Mackenzie 148/12 Port Canning 112 Kemp 616/4 Zandu XD 202/8 Indian Radio Ord 391/4 B 380 Defd 425 Indian Investment Trust 125 Wimco 358/12 Tata Chemical 76/6 Dharamsi Chemical 36/8 Mukund Iron 13 Dena Trust 24 Alembic 322/8 Supreme Industries 230 Jam Wire 131 Bombay Uganda 81 Bombay Cycle 38/8 Indian Cement (1937) 35 Walchand Nagar Industries 750

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel 1st 226/4 Tata Steel Second XD 168/12 Tram XD 71/12 Andhra XD 1600 Tata Power XD 1700 Hydro XD 166/4 Bombay Steam 352/8 Nagpur 722/8 Poddar 117 Elphinstone 142/8 Vishnu 780 Laxmi 302/8 New Great 251/4 Bradbury XD 522/8 Surat Elec XD 215 Premier Construction First 135 Premier Construction Second 135/8 Amalgamated 153/12 Tata Chemical 126 Walchandnagar Industries 283/12

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Iron and Steel 47/8 Bengal Steel 42/7 Indian Copper 3/15 B I C 8/8 Burma Corporation 7/4 New Victoria Mill 8/6 New Victoria Pref 11 Cawnpore Tex 13 Raja Tex 64 Phalton 160 Gold Mohar 355 New Kaiser Hind 2575 Sajjan Mills 420 Osmanshahi 320 Ajamshahi 615

GOLD & SILVER

The local bullion market was fairly firm on active professional buying. On Saturday late in the evening gold was quoted at Rs. 85 to-day the market opened at Rs. 85/4 and advanced to Rs. 85/12. Ready gold was quoted at Rs. 85/13. Forward silver opened at Rs. 134/12 and was steady at this level with moderate business Ready silver was quoted at Rs. 134/12. Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 60/14. Floating stock of gold is about 150,000 tolas while the daily offtake is about 15,000 tolas. Silver stock stands at 6,000 bars and the offtake is 140 bars per day. The market is full of bullish enthusiasm and buyers are looking for considerably higher prices. The market is manipulated by professional operators and is moving in a dangerous zone.

Later on the market was reactionary awaiting news about American loan to Britain. Closing quotations were as under:

Ready Gold	85	6	0
Forward Gold	85	5	0
Sovereigns	60	8	0
Ready Silver	134	5	0
Forward Silver	134	5	0

BOMBAY COTTON

On Saturday after the close of the market there was heavy buying and short covering in the local market. This private business has become a regular feature and the market is lacking in discipline. This state of affair is doing more harm to the bonafide trade. Prices were pushed up to Rs. 424/8. To-day the market opened at Rs. 423 for January delivery and advanced to Rs. 426/8 under active buying and steadied at Rs. 425/8. Later on there was further selling and January sagged to Rs. 423.

There was further unloading by professional operators and January declined to Rs. 421.

January declined to Rs. 420/8 but under renewed buying advanced to Rs. 425 and steadied at Rs. 422/8. There was further liquidation and January declined to Rs. 420 and steadied at Rs. 421/8. There was heavy unloading and covering. The market finally closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:

I C C January	419	8	0
I C C March	423	0	0
I C C May	437	12	0

SAVE NOW FOR THE FUTURE

Today's best investments are Insurance, Co-operative Societies, Savings Bank Accounts, Post Office Savings Bank Accounts and best of all National Savings Certificates and Government Loans.

ISSUED BY THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

A-289

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES

BOMBAY, Dec. 3.

MILLS.

Apollo 4/13 4/14 4/12/6 4/13/8 4/12/3 4/12/6
Bharat 69/8 70
Bharucha 12/8 11/8
B. Dyeing 2155 32/8 60 55 65 52/8 60 50 57/8 52/8 70
Bradbury (Ord) 420
Central India (Ord 425 25 26 24 30 25 26 24 27
Central India (Pref) 730
Century 915
Colaba 262 70 58 60 57
Edward 72p 40 30 32/8
Elphinstone (Ord) 89 89/12 89 89/8
Elphinstone (Pref) 140 42/8
Gokak 324 21 23 22 23 24
Finlay 323 30 24 28 25 28 23 26 25
India United (Defd) 3/6 3/5/3 3/6 3/5/6 3/6/6 3/5/6 3/5/9
India United (Ord) 17 16/12 17 16/13 16/15
Indore 785 800 780 92/8 85 87/8
Kohinoor 657 60 53 61 55 58 53 58 57
Madhusudan 503/12
Meyer 213/12 12/8 16/4
Minerva 245
Model 271/4 67/8 70
Mysore 301/4
New City 420
New Great 430 35 31 33 39 32 29/8 31
Phoenix 768/12
Poddar 361/4
Rajabahadur Poona 131/4 35 32/8
Sassoon Silk 95
Sassoon Cotton 25 24/8
Shrinivas 405 6/4
Simplex 335 36/8 32/8 35/8 30/8 32 28/8 33
Swadeshi 610 34 28 45 42 49 39 43 40 42
Swan 355 60 55 56/8 55 56/8
Tata Mills 76 75/8 76/4
Vishnu 535

BANKS.

Baroda 155/8 66/8
Central 98/8 98/12 97/12 98 97/8
Habib 84/8
Imperial (Old) 2410 15 12/8
Imperial (New) 595
India 227
National Savings (P. P.) 40
Reserve 139 60 59/8 60
Union 11/3 11/2 11/4
United Commercial 90/8

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 195 208/12
Ajmer 14/8
Andhra Valley (Ord) 1845 47/8 35 37/8
Tram (Ord) 154/8 55 53/8 54 53 54
Tram (Pref) 71/8 72 71/12
Surat 262/8
Hydro (Ord) 217 16 16/8
Hydro (Pref) 166/4
Power (Ord) 1967/8 62/8 70 65

INSURANCE.

Empire 1250
Mercantile 71
Jupiter 37/4 38
New India 91/8 91 92 91/4
Oriental 6775
Vulcan 19/10
BOMBAY Steam 635 37/8
Scindia 39/8 39/12 39/4 39/14 39/8 39/8
Bengal Steel 42/4 42/6 41/14 42/6 41/14 42/9 42/7
Indian Iron 47/2 47/4 46/14 47/9 47/4 47/12 47/8
Tata Steel (Defd) 2605 2595 2602/8 2585 2600 2595 2620 10 25 10 17/8 5 12/8 1/4 7/8 2592/8 2600 2595 2605
Tata Steel (Ord) 476 71 74/8 78, 76 75 78 74 75 73 74 71 74
Tata Steel (2nd Pref) 168/12.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 460 58/12
A. Cement 239/8 38 40 38/4 39/8 38/8
Belapur 244 40 41/8 41
Burma (Old) 540 47/8 37/8 42/8
Burma (New) 191/4 90
B. B. Petrol 5/10 5/9/6
I. Bleaching 212 10 11/8 11
Port Canning 112
P. Construction (Ord) 227 26 29/8 28 30 27
Shivrajpur 60/8 63
Tata Chemical (Ord) 17/8 17/4 17/10 17/6
Tata Oil 84/8 84/4 85/4 84/4
Western India Match 356/4 58/12
Coorla Mills 290/10 90
Old India General Insurance 35/8

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Dec. 3.

LONDON: Banks buying 90 Days/st. 1/6 5/32 1 to 4 Months.

Banks buying 90 days/st. 1/6 3/16 5 and 6 Months.

B. C. RATES: T. T. 1/5 15/16 D D. 1/5 15/16.

Banks selling T. T. 1/5 31/32 D. D. 1/5 31/32

Banks buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 D. D. 1/6 1/16.

LONDON/NEW YORK:

Banks selling T. T. Rs. 332 3/4 D. D. Rs. 332 9/4.

Banks buying T. T. Rs. 329 1/2 D D. Rs. 328-1/2

LONDON/MONTREAL:

Banks selling T T Rs. 302 1/2 D D. Rs. 302 1/2.

Banks buying T. T. Rs. 299 D D. Rs. 297 1/2.

Tone of Sterling Exchange: Steadier. Reserve Bank Rate 3 p c. Bank of England Rate 2 p c.

Money:—Call, one and two months 1/4 p c 3 to 5 months 1/2 p c, 6 to 11 months 3/4 p c. 12 months 1-1/4 p c. Tone: Easy.

COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton January Contract is 815 cent points below New York January at Exchange rate 331.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

BOMBAY, Dec. 1.

I.C.C. January Highest 419 3/4 Lowest 413.1/2 Closing at 2 p.m. 419-1/2.

I.C.C. March Highest 426 1/2 Lowest 421.1/2, Closing at 2 p.m. 426-1/4.

I.C.C. May Highest 436, Lowest 431, Closing at 2 p.m. 435 3/4.

Karachi 4F January Highest 44/2/0. Lowest 43/9/3. Closing at 2 p.m. 44/2/0.

CALICUT QUOTATIONS.

CALICUT, Dec 3.

Cocoanuts Raw 120, Dry 215, Cocoanutoil 475, Copra Office 300, Dilpasand 320, Madrasnottam 320, Goodgoods 325 Pepper Wynad 390 Country 370 Dry Ginger Chernad 380, Ernad 340, Coffee Robusta 90.

PAPER CEILING PRICES REDUCED

New Control Order In Force From January 1.

The Government of India in the Department of Industries and Civil Supplies have, by a notification published in the Gazette of India Extraordinary, dated November 23, 1945, issued a revised Order entitled the Paper Price Control Order, 1945. In this Order all the provisions of the Paper Price Control Order, 1944, as amended from time to time, have been reproduced and a reduction has been made in the ceiling prices fixed for all varieties of paper and board enumerated in the first Schedule generally by 1 1/2 pies per lb. over the rates which have been in force previously, except in the case of kraft paper where the price has been reduced by 7 pies per lb.; and of duplex, triplex, ticket and grey boards where there has been a larger reduction. The revised Order which will come into force on January 1, 1946 provides that all orders issued under the old Order will be deemed to have issued under the new Order.

Like the old Order, the revised Order provides that paper mills or other persons manufacturing paper whose manufacturing capacity is not less than 10 tons per month shall not sell any scheduled variety of paper except at f. o. r. destination price, the destination being any of the places specified in Schedule II to the Order. Mills' f. o. r. destination prices per lb. for main varieties are shown below:—

PRINTING AND WRITING PAPER

White As. 7 pies 10 1/2; Unbleached As. 7 pies 7 1/2; and Badami As. 7 pies 3 1/2.

WRAPPING PAPER: Brown As 7 pies 11/2; and Kraft As. 7 pies 5.

BOARDS:—Cardboard, pulpboard, manilla board, pasteboard As. 7 pies 10 1/2; Duplex and triplex boards As. 8 pies 6; Ticket boards As. 8 pies 3; and Grey boards As. 6.

HAPUR MARKETS REPORT

HAPUR, Nov. 30.

Food Grains:—

Market remained steady and are likely to remain so so long as there is no appreciable improvement in the supplies of bread grains. It is now admitted in responsible quarters that the food situation in the province is far from satisfactory and also that the Government cannot get more than what she is getting in near future. Arrivals from villages are extremely poor. The present price level is likely to be maintained. The following are the current rates; Wheat 10/4 Peas Ready 8/12 New Khattis 8/4 Old Khattis 7 Bajra 8/5 Maize 8/2. Stock Wheat 2 Peas 35 Khattis.

Pulses:—

There is slight improvement in Arhar and Urad prices presumably on better spot demand. Moong prices show slight recession. Arhar stock is put at 65 Khattis. Current prices are:—Arhar 7/4 Old 6/8 Urad 11/14 Moong 9/8.

Gur:—

Market remained quiet. Arrivals average 2,500 to 3,000 mds. daily Government is purchasing in restricted quantity first grade Gur at 9 Dara is quoted at 8/8. Jaggery powder is quoted at 9/8.

Guwar:—

Futures remained extremely steady. Maha is presently quoted at 7/8, a level which is highest for the past many months. Bulls are active and indulging in heavy commitments. Punjab market are even steadier.

Gold and Silver:—

Gold remained very steady and recorded appreciable gain in prices, at one stage quoted at 84/8 Presently it is quoted at 83/12. Silver touched 134/12 but is quoted at 134/2. The technical position of the bullion market is fully steady.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, Dec. 3.

Tata Ordinary 474 Tata Deferred 2605, Indian Iron 46/12 Steel Corpn. of Bengal 42/10, Bombay Dyeing 2170, Central India 426/14, Century 915, Gokak 324/6, Kchinoor 656/14, Simplex 333, Andhra Valley 1837/8, Tata Hydro 216/4, Tata Power 1965, Associated Cement 238/8, Belapur 241/4, Bombay Burma (Old) 542/8.

BOMBAY PRODUCE.

BOMBAY, Dec. 3.

The produce market was quiet today with a restricted business. Ground nuts Khandesh quality were quoted at Rs. 17, Madras Goa November January business was done at Rs. 17/6 and December February stood at Rs 17/2/6. Castorseeds Bombay delivery were quoted at Rs. 16. Goa at Rs. 16/4 and Navlakhi at Rs. 16/2. Linseed C P. Rs. 19/13. Bombay February March Rs. 19/12 March May Rs. 19/11, Navlakhi Rs. 19/14 and Vizagapatam Rs. 18/8. Tone quiet.

WEEKLY AMERICAN COTTON REVIEW.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1 (U P. A.): A weekly review of the New York Cotton market by the United Press of America shows that cotton futures on resuming their recent advance after dropping to the lowest level in more than two months, ruled as much as thirty points higher than last week.

The reversal form coincided with an advance in the prices of securities, a renewed emphasis on the bright export outlook for the immediate future, hopes for an early settlement of the labour difficulties in the textile industry and a tightening spot situation for desirable grades of cotton.

The unsettled state of the market in the earlier part of the week was stemmed largely by prospects of a larger production next season.

WORTH STREET SLOW.

NEW York, Dec. 1, (U. P. A.): On the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market to-day, the supply situation was tight and while the labour outlook improved producers reacted slowly. They pointed out that even if the situation cleared immediately it would take two weeks for some producers to get back into production.

IMPERIALISM THREATENING WORLD TO-DAY

Spirit Of Revolt Will Not Die Till Freedom Is Won, Says Mrs. Pandit

CHICAGO, Dec. 2 (Reuter): "Not the Atomic bomb but the greater explosives of greed and imperialism threaten the world to-day," said Mrs. Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit, sister of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, in a broadcast talk here to-night.

She added: "The United States has emerged to the special position of leadership in Asia—a position of grave moral responsibility in the eyes of Asiatic people.

"From one end of the continent to the other Asiatic peoples are in revolt against imperialism, exploitation and domination. But the British, French and Dutch are all equally engaged in a cynical race to perpetuate serfdom and slavery.

"The spirit of revolt sweeping Indonesia, Indo-China, India, Burma, Iran, Palestine and Egypt is too wide and deep to be crushed by mere brute force.

"There will be no peace in Asia until the peoples have won their freedom".

Fascist Tendencies In Britain On Increase

LONDON, Dec. 3. (U.P.I.).

Signs of Fascist revival in Britain multiply. Activities of the Christian League members who bought Hitler's bust a few days ago and who in to-day's "Sunday Pictorial" say that Sir Oswald Mosley has completed plans for new attempt to bring Fascism at National Socialism to Britain.

In an interview to the "Sunday Pictorial" reporter, Sir Mosley disclosed that though he does not wish to start a political party for the present backed and assisted by many of his former supporters he plans to become a publisher early in the New Year to propagate his beliefs through books, pamphlets and journal.

Money to help this venture has already been subscribed by his old admirers who include many powerful industrial and financial personalities.

EGYPT MUST NEGOTIATE NOW WITH BRITAIN

Kotla Presents Memorandum To Prime Minister

CAIRO, Dec. 2. (Reuter): Kotla, an independent Wafdist Bloc headed by Finance Minister Makram Ebeid Pasha, to-day presented a memorandum to Prime Minister Mahmud Nokrashi Pasha, stating that the present time is most suitable for negotiations with Britain and further delay would be disadvantageous to Egypt.

Kotla requests immediate formation of an official Egyptian delegation from the present coalition parties and asks the Premier to fix a date for the beginning of negotiations.

Observers here believe Makram Ebeid Pasha's resignation is probable if these demands are unanswered. Yesterday Makram Ebeid Pasha presented a note to the Egyptian Cabinet, requesting that the Premier should approach Britain's Foreign Minister with a view to obtaining evacuation of British troops and union with the Sudan).

INTERNAL LOAN.

CAIRO, Dec. 2. (Reuter): The Egyptian Government has decided to float a £20 000.000 internal loan to finance the 1945-1946 cotton crop.

New President Of Iraqi Senate

General Nurie Said, former Premier of Iraq and one of chief protagonists of Arab unity, has been elected President of the Iraq Senate for 1945 to 1946.

He is expected to return shortly from Cairo, where he has been attending the Arab League Council to head the Iraq State delegation to Turkey, it is learned

INDONESIAN REPUBLICANS REGRET MASSACRE OF PLANE SURVIVORS

Fear Strong British Retaliations; Premier Sharir To Make Statement

BATAVIA, Dec. 3 (Reuter): Fear of strong retaliations from the British, following details of the massacre of 22 survivors of the Dakota crash 10 days ago is gravely worrying Indonesian Republican quarters.

Prime Minister Sharir was utterly non-plussed and sat with his head cupped in his hands, when I spoke to him to-night.

"I fear the consequence when British anger is aroused", he declared.

He said he would make a statement to-morrow expressing the Republican Government's regret at the ugly occurrences and would detail what he and his colleagues had done in unsuccessful attempt to get the Japanese-corrupted extremist youths under control.

He would continue talking to their leaders, but he assumed many of them would refuse his summons to Batavia, which they cynically call an "international settlement."

The Cabinet is considerably worried about the complete disappearance of the "general" Soepridai who commanded the 60.000 strong Indonesian army with headquarters at Jogjakara. He may be dead or alive. Nothing has been heard of him for weeks.

REPORT DENIED

An Allied Headquarters spokesman to-night refuted Indonesian allegations that Ambonese (Dutch Indonesian) troops had shot and bayonetted unarmed men in cold blood in compound cables Noel Buckley, Reuter's special correspondent.

The spokesman stated that an assistant provost Marshal a medical officer and an intelligence officer found 20 bodies, all killed by mortar, grenade and bullet wounds.

There was not a single bayonet wound on any of the bodies, and the street bore no signs of fighting, apart from blood pools where the bodies had been deposited.

The latch of the compound gate was intact, he added.

It is believed here that the bodies were brought into the compound of the Red Cross post during the previous day's fighting in which Ambonese troops had taken part.

Another report on the incident the same area states that two platoons of Patiala infantry intervened in the fighting between Ambonese and Indonesians, and whether intentionally or unintentionally they were fired on by Indonesians.

In the resulting confusion Patiala infantry rounded up the Ambonese and escorted them from the area. No atrocities were witnessed during the incident, but indiscriminate firing killed a number of innocent by-standers, the report added.

Novel Shipping Strike In U. S. A.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3. (Reuter): A new type of work stoppage is due to begin at 6-30 p.m. (I.S.T.) to-day—a 24-hour shipping tie-up by the National Maritime Union to protest against the slow return of United States servicemen. The Union said it would involve 90.000 workers, and the only ships manned in United States ports during the period will be troopships, colliers, tankers and vessels carrying relief supplies.

Throughout the United States, there are now 145 labour disputes affecting 559.000—about half of this total comprised of the General Motors strikers.

Improvement on Nature....
GYNEXIFORM
HERING'S
Consult our "Clinical Department," for free medical advice on all your health problems, between 12 A.m. to 2 p.m., and 4 p.m. to 7-30 p.m. (Saturdays 12 a.m., to 4 p.m.) or write your case in detail and mail it to our "Clinical Department" with a stamped, self-addressed envelope for free diagnosis, prognosis and suggested treatment.

Since your figure is the most attractive asset, you owe it to yourself to see to its perfection. If nature has not been too generous with you, let GYNEXIFORM come to your aid. Absolutely new, it is the one certain way of achieving a fashionable, accentuated figure.

No matter what you have tried before or how old you are or how flat, sagging or oversized your figure may be, you can positively transform its appearance in a few weeks, into a dream of youthful loveliness, in the privacy of your own home, with GYNEXIFORM.

GYNEXIFORM SALVE No. 3: for developing infantile and flat figures, Rs. 15/- per jar.

GYNEXIFORM SALVE No. 3A: for overcoming sagging, Rs. 15/- per jar.

GYNEXIFORM SALVE No. 3B: for reducing Rs. 15/- per jar.

GYNEXIFORM DRAGEES: Hormone-Vitamin-Mineral Food Concentrate, for oral use. Enables women of 40, to regain figure like 20. Specific for "change of life" in women. PRICE: Rs. 15/- per container.

Gynexiform

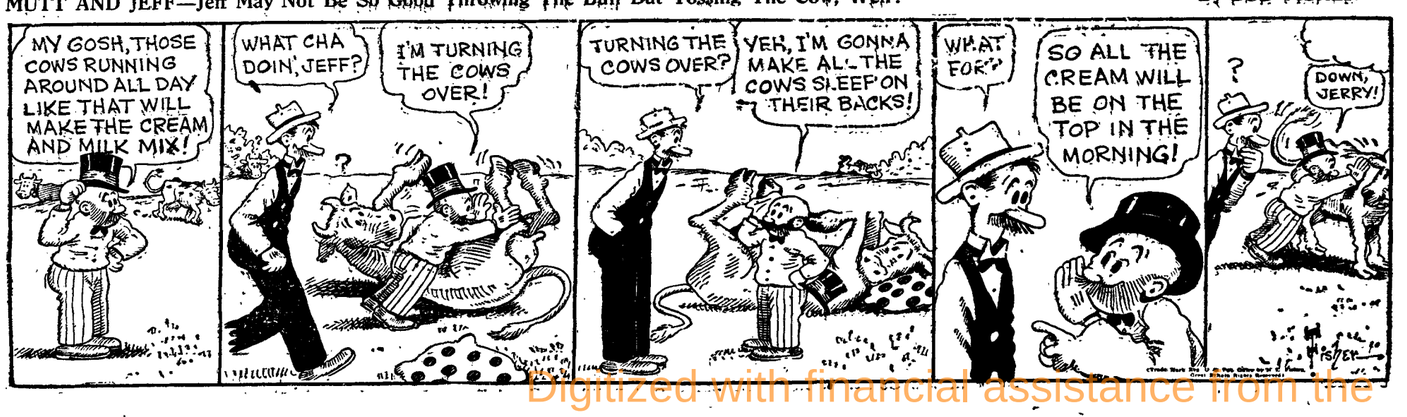
FITS YOUR FIGURE TO FASHION

Help yourself to health ..... send for a copy of "HEALTH & VITALITY BY MODERN METHODS" Contains over 450 pages and 200 illustrations. Everything you want to know about the deformities of the female form, about hormones, vitamins, reinvigoration, is described in intimate detail. Send a M.O. or P.O. of Rs. 2/8, or by V.P.P. Rs. 2/12. ASK FOR A COPY OF OUR FREE CIRCULAR DESCRIBING ALL OUR PRODUCTS

HERING & KENT P. O. Box No. 223 (B.C.) Opp. Lloyds Bank, Hornby Rd., Fort, Bombay. 'Phone: 24297

Remember
THE NAME OF THE FABRICS
That
● Served you well BEFORE THE WAR
● Served the Allies DURING THE WAR
● Will serve you well IN THE FUTURE
Dhariwal
FABRICS
SOON NOW A WIDE & VARIED RANGE OF DHARIWAL FABRICS WILL BE AVAILABLE
THE NEW EGERTON WOOLLEN MILLS, DHARIWAL (PUNJAB)

MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff May Not Be So Good Throwing The Bull But Tossing The Cow, Well! By BUD FISHER


MY GOSH, THOSE COWS RUNNING AROUND ALL DAY LIKE THAT WILL MAKE THE CREAM AND MILK MIX!
WHAT CHA DOIN', JEFF?
I'M TURNING THE COWS OVER!
TURNING THE COWS OVER?
YEH, I'M GONNA MAKE ALL THE COWS SLEEP ON THEIR BACKS!
WHAT FOR?
SO ALL THE CREAM WILL BE ON THE TOP IN THE MORNING!
?
DOWN, JERRY!

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 22 December, 2016

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS Per WORD.

MINIMUM Rs. 1|8|-.

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted, a fair coloured beautiful, educated virgin girl of about 20 years of age, for a Muslim Gazetted officer of 28 drawing Rs. 600|-p.m. Government Service. No caste and creed restrictions. Write to Box No. 190, "Bombay Chronicle."

A Brahmin widower, aged 33, earning about Rs. 1,000 p. m., desires marriage with educated and good looking Brahmin girl, any subcaste. Correspondence will be treated strictly confidential. Please write to Box No. 166, "Bombay Chronicle"

SITUATIONS VACANT

If you want any kind of employment in India or Abroad, apply for "terms" to Hastings & Co., Employment Agents, Cloth Market, Delhi. (189)

Wanted Teachers, Male or Female of any community. Minimum qualification Matric with S.T.C. or T.D. Apply sharp stating minimum pay to Khemchand, Secretary, Sindhi Schools, 333, Kalbadevi, Bombay 2. (193)

Wanted A Hardworking and Capable Part-Time Shorthand Typist from 5 to 7-30 p.m. Experience in Legal line preferred. Apply in writing stating salary acceptable to E. L. & Co., Jehangir Building, 3rd Floor, Esplanade Road. (181)

Wanted experienced and influential Canvassers on salary and commission for Litho, Typo, Cardboard cartons and waxed paper works. Apply Famous Cine Litho Works, 40B, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay 11. (183)

Wanted Trained Nurse Dais in grade Rs. 25-3-40, Diet Allowance Rs. 10|-, Dearness Allowance Rs. 6|8|-, Provident Fund benefit, free furnished quarter in the Nurses Hostel, servants and uniforms provided and Diet arrangements in the Hostel Mess. Higher starting pay may be allowed to deserving cases having good experience. Apply with particlars of qualifications, experience, posts held and copies of testimonials to Dr. Pfeil, Medical Superintendent, Umaid Hospital for Women & Children, Jodhpur. (5737)

Wanted a Graduate (trained preferred) strong in English, History and Geography for a High School from 2nd January, 1946. 80-6-152 for a B.A. B.T. and 70-4-118 for a B.A. Higher start according to experience. D.A.—22 and P. F. Apply Box No. 5728, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Book Gilder to start immediately. One used to good quality work only required. Apply Messrs. G. Claridge & Co., Ltd., Frere Road, Bombay. 5729

Wanted immediately an experienced and qualified expert for the manufacture of "Cosmetics". Apply with full particulars and certificates, stating minimum salary acceptable to Box No. 176 "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS WANTED

Any suitable Job which pays Rs. 200 or above for an experienced Medical Licentiate in Bombay. Apply Box No. 186, "Bombay Chronicle."

FLATS WANTED

Wanted a decent furnished flat for six months, preferably Marine Drive, Churchgate Reclamation, Apollo Bunder, Cuffe Parade Apply Box No. 145, "Bombay Chronicle."

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Matrics! Become Graduates (Punjab University) by 15 months' home study. Apply Dewan's, Lahore. 69

DANCING TUITION

Private tuition in graceful Indian Dancing given at your residence Apply Box No. 167, "Bombay Chronicle."

MEDICAL ADLETS

Portuguese Indians! suffering from any Pulmonar complaint (T.B., Chronic Bronchites, Pleurezia, Bronchial Asthma) should without delay treat themselves with intravenous injections of Gaducuprina (Colloidal Copper) and Sidargol (Colloidal Silver) prepared according instructions from Lieut. Colonel Dr. Victor Dias, M.D. (Lisbon). Sent by post wherever they may be. Agents wanted all over the British Empire where there is a Goan community. Laboratorio "Sida", Portuguese India. (192)

FINANCIAL

All-round Parsi Businessman stayed many years in China. Japan, Australia, has prepared Export, Import Scheme between India, Australia, China Interested Investors apply Box No. 171, "Bombay Chronicle."

India's well-known Film Director wants Financier for producing social pictures. Apply Box No. 186, "Bombay Chronicle."

Hindusthan Motors Ltd. below par. Please apply Calcutta Share Dealers Ltd., 8, Royal Exchange Place, Calcutta. (191)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Wanted 1,000 Cinema Chairs. Apply Famous Cine Litho Works, 40B, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay 11. (184)

PUBLIC NOTICES

HINDUSTAN MOTORS LTD.

1. Those shareholders who have not remitted their Call Money at Rs. 5|- per share are requested to remit immediately and send their certificates for endorsement. Cheques or drafts must be on any Calcutta Bank. Delay will make shares liable to be forfeited.
2. Some shareholders have sent their Call Money but not the share certificates. They are requested to send the certificates immediately for endorsement giving full details regarding the payment of Call Money.
3. Shareholders who have not yet got their allotment letters exchanged with share certificates are requested to do so immediately now.
4. Whenever shareholders have to address us letters they are requested to give us full relevant particulars without which it will be impossible to give them a satisfactory reply.
5. Please address all your letters to Share Dept., Hindustan Motors Ltd., 8, Royal Exchange Place, Calcutta.

Calcutta, 27-11-45. (5736)

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from male candidates of all communities to fill a permanent post of Electrical Executive Engineer in the Bengal General Service on the scale of pay of Rs. 500-50|2-1,000. The selected candidate will be on probation for two years and will be required to pass a departmental examination within the period of probation. Age—must not be less than 30 years on the 1st December 1945. Qualifications—Must possess a B.E. degree in Electrical Engineering of the Calcutta University or other equivalent degree or diplomas in Electrical Engineering with 3 years' practical experience in an electrical or mechanical engineering workshop or electrical power station, and after acquiring such experience regular engagement for a period of not less than 5 years in the practice of Electrical Engineering. Full details and application forms may be obtained from the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Bengal, Darjeeling, personally or ON SENDING AN ADDRESSED ENVELOPE WITH A NINE PIES STAMP affixed. They will not be supplied on receipt of mere stamps. Letters must not be addressed to the Secretary by name. Last date for receipt of applications on prescribed form, together with a treasury receipt for Rs. 5, 10th December, 1945.

Kali, 28-11-45. (5734)

G. I. P. RAILWAY

SPECIAL NOTICE

BADNERA-AMRAOTI SECTION

THE PUBLIC ARE INFORMED that with effect from 15th December, 1945, all Passenger Trains on the Badnera-Amraoti Section will be CANCELLED and WITHDRAWN. The existing Wardha-Amraoti Shuttle Trains will run between Wardha and Badnera only. Consequently passengers and their luggage will not be booked to and from Amraoti, but only to and from Bandera.

For the convenience of the travelling public a frequent Bus Service will be run on and from the above date by Messrs. F. M Chinoy & Co. between Badnera and Amraoti, maintaining connection with all trains at Badnera.

5727

TENDER NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED (by the undersigned) from contractors and Firms experienced in Bridge construction for the work of "Extension of the R. C. C. Bridge over the Banas River in mile 51-52 of Nasirabad-Deoli Road in Ajmer-Merwara."

Closing date 14-12-45
Estimated cost Rs. 2,11,125/-
Earnest money Rs. 10,600/-

Tender Form, Specifications and Drawings can be had from his Office on payment of Rs. 10/- which amount will not be refunded.

R. N. MOOKERJEE.
Executive Engineer,
Ajmer Central Division,
Central P.W.D., Ajmer.
5721

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted influential Selling Agents or Distributors for pushing our tannery chemicals consisting of Leather pigments, Turkey Red Oil, Fat Liquor, Kromolax, Binder Polish, etc. Apply: New India Colour & Chemical Co., 15, Clive Row, Calcutta. (5518A)

Wanted influential Selling Agents or Distributors for pushing our Fountainpen ink, stamp ink, phenyle, 'alta' metal polish, liquid shoe polish, shoe makers' dressing etc. Apply: New India Colour & Chemical Co., 15, Clive Row, Calcutta. (5516)

AGENCIES WANTED

Ashokey & Co., 108, Raja Ram Building, Anarkali, Lahore, Solicit Sole Agency for manufactures goods from reliable manufacturers in India. Only first class firms need apply. (5741)

PROPERTIES FOR SALE

One Storeyed Building at Khar. A few minutes from station, with a garage. Vacant possession. Phone No. 89145. Phone between 7 p.m. and 8-30 p.m. only. Brokers not required. (182)

PUBLIC NOTICES

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from male candidates to fill two temporary vacancies in the cadre of the Bengal Factories Service. One of the vacancies is reserved for a Muslim and the other for a non-Muslim. Pay—The temporary incumbents will receive a pay of Rs. 275|- per mensem in the revised scale of pay of Rs. 275-25|2-350-50|2-750. They are also entitled to a motor car allowance of Rs. 90|- per mensem and compensatory allowance of Rs. 72|- per mensem plus the usual dearness allowance. Age—between 25 and 30 on the 1st December, 1945. Full details and application forms may be obtained from the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Bengal, Darjeeling, personally or ON SENDING AN ADDRESSED ENVELOPE WITH A NINE PIES STAMP affixed. They will not be supplied on receipt of mere stamps. Letters must not be addressed to the Secretary by name. Last date for receipt of applications on prescribed form, together with a treasury receipt for Rs. 5, 20th December, 1945. (5740)

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from candidates of all communities to fill a post of District Fishery Officer (Technology). Pay—125-250. Initial pay for a directly recruited officer will be fixed according to age if he is over 30 years on the date of assuming duties. Age—must not be over 35 years on 1st December, 1945. In cases of men with special qualifications the age limit will be relaxed. Qualifications—must possess an M.Sc., or B.Sc. (Honours) degree in Chemistry, preference being given to one who has taken some training in Biology also. Practical experience in modern methods of curing fish and utilisation of fish wastes is also essential. Full details and application forms may be obtained from the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Bengal, Darjeeling, personally or ON SENDING AN ADDRESSED ENVELOPE WITH A NINE PIES STAMP affixed. They will not be supplied on receipt of mere stamps. Letters must not be addressed to the Secretary by name. Last date for receipt of applications on prescribed form, together with a treasury receipt for Rs. 5, 25th December, 1945. (5739)

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from non-Muslim candidates with war service to fill a permanent post of Inspector of Factories in the Bengal Factories Service. Pay—275-750. The Inspectors in the Bengal Factories Service are also entitled to a motor car allowance of Rs. 80 per mensem and a compensatory allowance of Rs. 72 per mensem. Age—between 25 and 30 years on 1st December, 1945. Qualifications—He must have (a) had a first class general education: (b) served a full apprenticeship as a mechanical engineer, and training in the Drawing Office: (c) secured a degree or diploma in Engineering of a British University or Technical College, or an associate membership of a recognised British Institute of Engineers or an associate membership of the Institute of Engineers (India), or a certificate of competency issued by the Board of Trade as extra first class or first class engineer; (d) some years' experience in responsible posts; (e) ability to deal with all questions connected with the electrical and structural engineering that may occur in the course of an Inspector's duties; and (f) experience in the construction and maintenance of boilers. Full details and application forms may be obtained from the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Bengal, Darjeeling, personally or on SENDING AN ADDRESSED ENVELOPE WITH A NINE PIES STAMP affixed. They will not be supplied on receipt of mere stamps. Letters must not be addressed to the Secretary by name. Last date for receipt of applications on prescribed form, together with a treasury receipt for Rs. 5, 22nd December. 1945.

Kali 28-11-45. (5733)

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from Muslim candidates to fill a post of Lecturer in Physics and Chemistry in the Subordinate Veterinary Services in the Bengal Veterinary College, Calcutta. Pay—125-350. Qualifications—must possess a First or Second Class M.Sc. degree in either Physics or Chemistry with the other subject as part of the B.Sc. degree. Full details and application forms may be obtained from the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Bengal, Darjeeling, personally or ON SENDING AN ADDRESSED ENVELOPE WITH A NINE PIES STAMP affixed. They will not be supplied on receipt of mere stamps. Letters must not be addressed to the Secretary by name. Last date for receipt of applications on prescribed form, together with a treasury receipt for Rs. 5. 27th December, 1945.

Kali. 28-11-45. (5732)

PUBLIC NOTICES

G. I. P. RAILWAY

GATE NO. 7 at mile 4/14 between Stations Wadala & Sewri on the Harbour Branch will be CLOSED to road traffic from 9-00 P.M. on TUESDAY, the 4th to 6-00 A.M. on WEDNESDAY, the 5th December, 1945, for relaying tracks. 5730

MAZHAR ART PRODUCTIONS

NOTICE

THE OFFICES of Mazhar Art Productions have SHIFTED to the "PALMS", Main Road, Dadar, and hence all concerned are requested to note down the change in address. Also please henceforward contact on Phone No. 60579. (187)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that DEVIDAS RUPJI, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell to our clients the undermentioned properties. Any person having any claim against the said properties or any one of them or any part thereof by way of sale, mortgage, transfer, lease, exchange, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lien or otherwise, howsoever, is requested to make the same known in writing to us at our Office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, shall be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTIES

FIRST:—ALL that piece or parcel of land, formerly of Pension and Tax Tenure but now redeemed, admeasuring 1,993 square yards or thereabouts together with the bungalow, chawls, outhouses, garages and other buildings standing thereon, bearing Cadastral Survey Nos. 1532, 1534 and 1535 of Girgaum Division and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under 9 (d), Ward Nos 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625 (1), 2643 2625 (2), 2644 and 2645 and Street Nos 25-31, 15 to 23, 15A to 15C, 4, 19, 1A, 20 and 21 including the passage called "Bawankhani Lane", bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1533, admeasuring 221 square yards over which there is right of way all which premises are situated at or on the Chowpatty Road, in the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay and are bounded on the North-West by the property of Laxmibai Dattatraya Rege, on the North by the properties of Ruttonsey Mulji and Mahomedbhai Ibrahim Rawjee, on the North-East and East by the property of Dharamdas Manilal Juguldas and others on the South by Chowpatty Road and on the West by the property of Devidas Rupji.

SECONDLY:—ALL that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land or ground with the messuages, tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon situate, lying and being at the Junction of Harvey Road and Chowpatty Road in the Island and Registration Sub-District and District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1,424 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue along with other properties under Collector's New Nos. 2490 and 2492 and New Survey Nos. 1/7992 and 7993 and Cadastral Survey Nos. 2/1529 of Girgaum Division and registered in the Books of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Taxes under D Ward Nos. 2646 (1) and 2446 (2) and Street Nos. 33-35 and 5C and bounded on the East by properties bearing Cadastral Survey Nos. 1531 and 1532 of Girgaum Division on the North by the property bearing C. S. No. 1/1529 of Girgaum Division, on the West by Harvey Road and on the South by Chowpatty Road.

Dated this 1st day of December, 1945.

MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM
& MADAN,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
5731

IN THE SUB-CIVIL COURT OF HYDERABAD SIND.

Suit No. 194 of 1945.

MAHARAJ HUNDRAJ, son of Parumal Sharma, resident of Dalwani Lane, Khianta Chownk, Hyderabad Sind. .. Plaintiffs.

versus

(1) Bhai TARACHAND, (2) Bhai PARUMAL, (3) Bhai VALIRAM, all the three sons of Manghanmal, now residing No. 1 care Sobhraj Hemandas, Shopkeeper, Mitha Street, Diwali Camp, District Nasik, No. 2 and 3 residing at Lawyers Chambers, Picket Street, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay .. Defendants.

To

The above defendants,

WHEREAS the plaintiff abovenamed has filed a suit against you for recovery of rent and possession and whereas you cannot be served in an ordinary manner, you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on the 7th day of December, 1945, at 11 a.m. and filed your written statement. If you fail to appear on the above date, an ex parte order will be passed against you.

Given under my hand and seal of this Court. dated this 23rd November, 1945.

(Sd.)
Clerk of the Court.
(5735)

AUCTION SALES

IMPORTANT TO CARPET DEALERS and PRIVATE BUYERS.

Sale on FRIDAY, 7th December, 1945, at 3-15 P.M. (S.T.) at the sale room of the undersigned.

A collection of Persian carpets of superior handmade workmanship and of beautiful artistic colours and designs comprising:—Bokhara, Sultanabad, Khorasan, Meheshedi, Kerman, Prayer rugs & runners including Kashan silk embossed and gilt thread embroidered. Sizes from 6 x 4 to 10½ x 7½; 14 x 10 & 16 x 11½.

On view three days before the sale from 11-30 A.M. to 5-30 P.M.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
Auctioneers,
123, Medows Street, Bombay.

India's BIGGEST & SELF-CONTAINED Manufactory of Electrical Appliances.
ASK Your Local Dealer or Order direct.
Trade Enquiries invited.

THE BOMBAY PROVINCIAL MOTOR UNIONS CONGRESS

The third ANNUAL CONFERENCE will be held at HUBLI on the 9th December, 1945.

Shri. M. R. Masani, Bar-at-Law,

Ex-Mayor of the Bombay Municipal Corporation will preside.

ALL MOTOR OPERATORS AND ALLIED BUSINESSMEN WHO ARE INTERESTED IN THEIR FUTURE WELFARE ARE CORDIALLY REQUESTED TO ATTEND.

D. G. MADIMAN,
Chairman,
Reception Committee

Hubli,
25th Nov. 1945.

"HINDUSTAN 10", the first car of the national automobile concern—Hindustan Motors—is on its way to you now.

Specially built to give uniform, enduring and dependable service under Indian conditions, "HINDUSTAN 10" embodies many valuable wartime improvements in the manufacture of cars.

"HINDUSTAN 10" is the ideal car for Indian conditions.

HINDUSTAN MOTORS LTD.

(INCORPORATED IN BARODA STATE)
8, ROYAL EXCHANGE PLACE, CALCUTTA
The National Automobile Concern

Sole Distributors For Bombay:-
THE FRENCH MOTOR CAR CO., LTD,
Hughes Road, BOMBAY.

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.